# Rampion 2 Wind Farm Category 6: Environmental Statement Volume 4, Appendix 21.1: Baseline sound report (clean) 

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## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Background

1.1.1 Rampion Extension Development Limited (RED) (the 'Applicant') is in the process of submitting a Development Consent Order (DCO) application for the Rampion 2 offshore wind farm.
1.1.2 Rampion 2 comprises of new offshore and onshore energy infrastructure. A summary description of the Proposed Development is provided in Chapter 21: Noise and vibration, Volume 2 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.21) which this Appendix supports, and a more detailed description is provided in ES Chapter 4: The Proposed Development, Volume 2 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.4)

### 1.2 Purpose of this Appendix

1.2.1 The purpose of this Appendix is to present the results of the baseline sound level surveys that were conducted between 06 - 20 February 2023, 27 - 29 March 2023, 3 - 4 May 2023, and 15 - 17 November 2023. Due to land access constraints prior to the DCO submission, the fourth set of surveys (15-17 November 2023) were undertaken post-DCO Application submission. Further detail on the application of the data obtained post-DCO Application submission is provided in Section 4.3.

The purpose of the baseline sound level surveys was to determine robust and accurate baseline data to inform the noise assessment within the Environmental Statement (ES) accompanying the DCO Application.
1.2.3 There is potential for noise effects during the construction, operation and maintenance and decommissioning phases of the Proposed Development. This Appendix sets out the measured baseline data used to inform the assessment of likely significant noise effects.
1.2.4 All personnel contributing to the baseline surveys, analysis of data and the preparation of this Appendix were appropriately qualified.

This Appendix includes the following sections:

- Section 1: Introduction which outlines an overview of the Appendix;
- Section 2: Terminology which outlines relevant terminology pertaining to noise;
- Section 3: Technical guidance which presents technical guidance relevant to the sound and noise baseline;
- Section 4: Methodology which outlines the methodology adopted in data collection and the categories of noise receptors where baseline information is required;
- Section 5: Results which outlines the specific baseline results for the Proposed Development, namely the results of the ambient and background sound and noise monitoring at several locations;
- Section 6: Summary;
- Section 7: Glossary of terms and abbreviations;
- Section 8: References
- Annex A: Calibration certificates;
- Annex B: Baseline monitoring results.


## 2. Terminology

2.1.1 Throughout this Appendix, the term 'noise' is used to describe an 'unwanted sound' and is generally applied when describing assessment methodologies or the predictions of emissions at receptors for the purpose of assessment. In keeping with relevant policy, standards, and guidance, calculated or measured emissions associated with the existing acoustic environment (such as ambient or background levels), and not associated with road or rail traffic, will be described as 'sound'.
2.1.2 Whilst it is recognised that road or rail traffic noise is not always considered 'unwanted', the term 'noise' will be applied when describing their measurement.
2.1.3 The term 'noise' refers to airborne noise and 'vibration' to ground-borne vibration. For all other terminology, the full technical description is used, such as 'groundborne noise'. Additional technical terminology relevant to the noise assessment is presented in Section 7.

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## 3. Technical guidance

3.1.1 For the purposes of defining the scope of the baseline including the methodology for the sound and noise surveys for the Project, the planning policy, guidance, and standards listed in Table 3-1 are of specific relevance.

## Table 3-1 Planning Policy, Technical Standards, and Guidance

## Guidance reference

National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) (Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government, 2021)

## Summary

The NPPF advises (para 185) that significant adverse impacts on health and the quality of life as a result of noise from new developments should be avoided. It also advises that other adverse impacts on health and quality of life arising from noise from new developments should be mitigated and reduced to a minimum.

Paragraph 174 of the NPPF states that planning systems should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by (amongst other considerations): "Preventing new and existing development from contributing to, being put at unacceptable risk from, or being adversely affected by, unacceptable levels of soil, air, water or noise pollution or land instability.".

The NPPF further states in Paragraph 185 that "Planning policies and decisions should also ensure that new development is appropriate for its location taking into account the likely effects (including cumulative effects) of pollution on health, living conditions and the natural environment, as well as the potential sensitivity of the site or the wider area to impacts that could arise from the development. In doing so they should:
a) mitigate and reduce to a minimum, potential adverse impacts resulting from noise from new development - and avoid noise giving rise to significant adverse impacts on health and the quality of life; and
b) identify and protect tranquil areas which have remained relatively undisturbed by noise and are

## Guidance reference

## Summary

prized for their recreational and amenity value for this reason..."

Paragraph 187 advises that "Planning policies and decisions should ensure that new development can be integrated effectively with existing businesses and community facilities (such as places of worship, pubs, music venues and sports clubs). Existing businesses and facilities should not have unreasonable restrictions placed on them as a result of development permitted after they were established. Where the operation of an existing business or community facility could have significant adverse effects on new development (including changes of use) in its vicinity, the applicant (or 'agent of change') should be required to provide suitable mitigation before the development has been completed." This should be taken into account when considering whether the Project is an acceptable use of land.

BS 5228-1:2009 + A1:2014 Code of practice for noise and vibration control on construction and open sites. Part 1: Noise (British Standards Institution (BSI), 2014)

Transport and Road Research Laboratory (1986) Research Project 53 - Ground vibration caused by civil engineering works

Design Manual for Roads and Bridges LA111: Noise and vibration (Highways England, 2020)

Calculation of Road Traffic Noise (CRTN) (Her Majesty's Stationary Office (HMSO), 1988)

Transport and Road Research Laboratory (2002) - Converting the UK traffic noise index LA10, 18hr to EU noise indices for noise mapping

Provides a recommended scope for construction and demolition noise assessment (the ABC Method) presented in Annex E, and also gives example threshold values for potential significant effects at noise sensitive receptors based upon the results of ambient sound monitoring.

Guidance into factors affecting the input and propagation of ground vibration from civil engineering works.

Presents a methodology for determining impacts upon noise sensitive receptors from changes in road traffic noise due to road projects.

Provides a calculation methodology for road traffic noise.

A method for converting the road traffic noise indexes described in CRTN to produce outputs in the form of European Union indices, in particular TRL Method 3 which outlines the

## Guidance reference

## Summary

conversion of the La10,18hr noise indices to the $L_{\text {Aeq, } 16 h r}$ and LAeq,8hr indexes.

Calculation of railway noise source terms for Calculation of Railway Noise 1995 (Department for Transport (1995)

BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019 Methods for rating and assessing industrial and commercial sound (BSI, 2019)

Noise and vibration management: environmental permits (Environment Agency, 2022)

## International Standards

 Organization (ISO) 9613-2:1996 Acoustics - Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors. Part 2: General method of calculation (ISO, 1996)Guidelines for Environmental Noise Impact Assessment (Institute of Environmental Management and Assessment (IEMA), 2014)

BS 7445-1:2003 Description and measurement of environmental noise. Part 1: Guide to quantities and procedures (BSI, 2003)

A methodology for obtaining and calculating rail traffic noise indexes that is additional to the methodology set out within CRN.

BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019 describes methods for rating and assessing sound of an industrial nature (using outdoor sound levels), such as from factories, industrial premises, or fixed installations affecting people who might be inside or outside a dwelling.

BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019 does not apply to noise associated with the passage of vehicles on public roads and railway systems.

Describes the principles of noise prediction and measurement, in addition to suggested methods of noise control. The guidance recommends that whenever possible, an assessment of noise should follow a recognised method of assessment, such as the methods presented within the relevant and current British Standards e.g. BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019.

Defines a method for calculating the attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors in order to predict the levels of environmental noise at distances from a source.

Presents guidelines on how the assessment of noise effects should be presented within the EIA process. The IEMA guidelines cover aspects such as scoping, baseline, prediction, and example definitions of significance criteria.

Provides guidance on the measurement and description of environmental noise.

Provides specifications for different sound level meters.

BS EN 61672-1:2013
Electroacoustics - Sound level

| Guidance reference | Summary |
| :--- | :--- |
| meters. Part 1: Specifications (BSI, <br> 2013) |  |
| BS EN 60942:2018 | Provides specifications for different sound <br> calibrators. |
| Electroacoustics - Sound <br> calibrators (BSI, 2018) |  |

## 4. Methodology

### 4.1 Agreed methodology

4.1.1 The methodology and monitoring locations were agreed through non-statutory consultation with Environmental Health Officers from the following Local
Authorities:

- Arun District Council;
- Horsham District Council;
- Mid-Sussex District Council;
- South downs National Park Authority; and
- West Sussex County Council.
4.1.2 Further detail on the relevant assessment methodologies agreed with each Local

Authority are provided in Section 21.3 of Chapter 21: Noise and vibration, Volume 2 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.21).

## Identification of receptor locations

4.1.3 Noise monitoring locations were selected to be representative of Noise Sensitive Receptors (NSRs) with the greatest potential to be affected by noise from the construction and operation of the Proposed Development. The NSRs and noise monitoring locations were identified using aerial imagery, Ordnance Survey (OS) mapping and local knowledge.

Chapter 21: Noise and vibration, Volume 2 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.21) identifies NSRs where baseline levels are required and have been taken forward when selecting monitoring locations. The receptors for temporary construction activity, and operational and maintenance activity are shown in Table 4-1 and Table 4-2 respectively. Figure 21.2, Volume 3 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.3.21) presents all the receptors within OS mapping.

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Table 4-1 NSRs construction

| NSR <br> Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HDD01-N | CROOKTHORN BYRE, BROOKPIT LANE, BN17 5QU | $\mathbf{Y}$ |  |
| HDD01-S | THE MILL, CLIMPING STREET, BN17 5RN | 500868 | 101435 |
| HDD01A-S | THE MILL, CLIMPING STREET, BN17 5RN | 501530 | 101241 |
| HDD02-S | THE MILL, CLIMPING STREET, BN17 5RN | 501530 | 101241 |
| HDD03-S | FLAT 1, MARDEN HOUSE, HIGHFIELD, BN17 7EU | 501530 | 101241 |
| HDD03-E | 8, BENJAMIN GRAY DRIVE, BN17 7FA | 501768 | 103236 |
| HDD03-S <br> Industrial | UNIT 9, THORGATE ROAD, BN17 7LU | 501605 | 103387 |
| HDD03-NE | 6, BONIFACE AVENUE, BN17 7AD | 501722 | 103168 |
| HDD04-E | BROOK BARN HOUSE, COURTWICK LANE, BN17 7PE | 501550 | 103622 |
| (Farm <br> building) | 32, BONIFACE AVENUE, BN17 7AD | 501465 | 104053 |
| HDD04-S | KEYMERS, ORCHARD LANE, BN17 7GL | 501501 | 103883 |
| HDD05-N |  | 502603 | 104613 |


| $\begin{array}{l}\text { NSR } \\ \text { Reference }\end{array}$ | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  |  |$)$


| NSR <br> Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| H |  |  |


| NSR <br> Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HDD19-N <br> (Church) | 1 LONGBACK COTTAGES, WATER LANE, BN44 3DX | Y |  |
| HDD19-N | 1 LONGBACK COTTAGES, WATER LANE, BN44 3DX | 514505 | 113903 |
| HDD19-S | BUNCTON MANOR FARM, STEYNING ROAD, BN44 3DD | 514505 | 113903 |
| HDD19-E | SCHOOL HOUSE, STEYNING ROAD, BN44 3DD | 514567 | 113645 |
| HDD19-SW | BUTCHERS FARM, WATER LANE, BN44 3DW | 514986 | 113752 |
| HDD20-N | BEGGARS BUSH, SPITHANDLE LANE, BN44 3DY | 514361 | 113668 |
| HDD20-W | DOVES FARM, SPITHANDLE LANE, BN44 3DY | 517214 | 115249 |
| HDD21-E | SMALLWOOD HOUSE, STEYNING ROAD, BN44 3AN | 516925 | 114860 |
| HDD21-N | SOUTHVIEW, WELLENS FARM, STEYNING ROAD, BN44 3AN | 518000 | 115975 |
| HDD21-S | BERGEN-OP-ZOOM, HORSEBRIDGE COMMON, BN44 3AL | 518028 | 115249 |
| HDD22-N | MERRION HOUSE, BINES GREEN, RH13 8EH | 518647 | 117088 |
| HDD22-S | 1 MERRION FARM COTTAGES, BINES GREEN, RH13 8EH | 518751 | 116783 |
| HDD22-W | LONG COTTAGE, BINES GREEN, RH13 8EH | 518457 | 518647 |
| HDD23-S | MERRION HOUSE, BINES GREEN, RH13 8EH | 116912 |  |


| $\begin{array}{l}\text { NSR } \\ \text { Reference }\end{array}$ | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  |$)$


| $\begin{array}{l}\text { NSR } \\ \text { Reference }\end{array}$ | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  |$)$


| NSR <br> Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A |  |  |  |


| NSR <br> Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AA12-E | WARREN HILL LODGE, STORRINGTON ROAD, RH20 4AQ | 511780 | $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| AA12-W | ROWDELL LODGE, STORRINGTON ROAD, RH20 4AG | 511333 | 113486 |
| AA12-N | BRADBURY COURT, EAST CLAYTON FARM, STORRINGTON <br> ROAD, RH20 4AG | 511437 | 113520 |
| AA14-W | OLD SCHOOL HOUSE, STEYNING ROAD, BN44 3DD | 113585 |  |
| AA14-S | PAYGATE LODGE, STEYNING ROAD, BN44 3DD | 515009 | 113762 |
| AA14-W | THE FORSTAL, STEYNING ROAD, BN44 3DD | 515273 | 113484 |
| AA16-E | 1, LILIAN TERRACE, BN18 9QF | 515322 | 113549 |
| AA18-W | DOVER LANE, BN18 9PX | 505367 | 105696 |
| Hospice) | THE DECOY, DECOY LANE, ARUNDEL ROAD, BN18 9QA | 505966 | 105833 |
| AA18-S | 1 ANGMERING PARK COTTAGES, ANGMERING PARK, BN16 | 505857 | 105393 |
| 4EX | A06 MICHELGROVE COTTAGES, MICHELGROVE, BN13 3XQ | 506194 | 105787 |
| AA22-S | THE BUNGALOW, MICHELGROVE, BN13 3XQ | 508182 | 108358 |


| NSR <br> Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  |


| NSR Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |
| AA32-N (a) | LEE FARM HOUSE, BN13 3XJ | 507369 | 110399 |
| AA32-N (b) | 2 LEE FARM COTTAGES, BN13 3XJ | 507637 | 110422 |
| AA32-W | HIGHLAND COTTAGE, ANGMERING PARK, BN16 4EX | 506738 | 108930 |
| AA32-E | HIGHLAND COTTAGE, ANGMERING PARK, BN16 4EX | 506738 | 108930 |
| AA33-E | 185, SWILLAGE LANE, BN13 3TX | 507167 | 106117 |
| AA33-W | NORFOLK HOUSE, SWILLAGE LANE, BN13 3TX | 507167 | 106317 |
| Compound 1 S | BARN END, BROOKPIT LANE, BN17 5QT | 500839 | 101954 |
| Compound 1 E | 4, CLIMPING PARK, BOGNOR ROAD, BN17 5DW | 500916 | 102127 |
| Compound 1 - <br> N | FIELD PLACE, CHURCH LANE, BN17 5RR | 500394 | 102246 |
| Compound 1 W | 5, CROPTHORNE DRIVE, BN17 5GG | 500117 | 102153 |
| Compound 1 - <br> W (Village <br> Hall) | CROOKTHORN LANE, BN17 5SN | 500569 | 102019 |


| NSR <br> Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| X |  |  |


| NSR Reference | Receptor Address / Location Description | British Grid Reference |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |
| Compound 3 S | BANKFIELD GRANGE, KINGS LANE, HORSHAM, RH13 8BD | 522506 | 122023 |
| Compound 4 E | SOUTHLANDS, KENT STREET, RH13 8BA | 523197 | 122655 |
| Compound 4 - <br> N | BARNFIELD LODGE, PICTS LANE, RH13 8AT | 523335 | 123066 |
| Compound 4 NW | APPLECROSS, BOLNEY ROAD, RH13 8AZ | 522877 | 122997 |
| Compound 4 W | OAKENDENE MANOR, BOLNEY ROAD, RH13 8AZ | 522766 | 122607 |
| SS1-NE | SOUTHLANDS, KENT STREET, RH13 8BA | 523197 | 122655 |
| SS2-SE | WESTRIDGE, KENT STREET, RH13 8BB | 523226 | 121884 |
| SS3-SW | BANKFIELD GRANGE, KINGS LANE, HORSHAM, RH13 8BD | 522506 | 122023 |
| SS4-NW | OAKENDENE MANOR, BOLNEY ROAD, RH13 8AZ | 522766 | 122607 |

## Table 4-2 NSRs operational (substation)

|  | British Grid Reference |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| NSR Reference | Location description | X | $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| SS1-NE | SOUTHLANDS, KENT STREET, <br> RH13 8BA | 523192 | 122665 |
| SS2-SE | WESTRIDGE, KENT STREET, <br> RH13 8BB | 523178 | 121957 |
| SS3-SW | TAINTFIELD FARMHOUSE, <br> KINGS LANE, RH13 8BD | 522530 | 121990 |
| SS4-NW | OAKENDENE MANOR, BOLNEY <br> ROAD, RH13 8AZ | 522770 | 122614 |

### 4.2 Details of monitoring undertaken

## Data collection methods

4.2.1 Sound monitoring was undertaken to determine the existing acoustic environment. Surveys were undertaken at receptor locations most likely to be affected by construction activity and operational activity.
4.2.2 Noise monitoring equipment was set to measure for intervals of 15 minutes in accordance with BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019 (BSI, 2019), which states:
"8.1.3 Ensure that the measurement time interval is sufficient to obtain a representative value of the background sound level for the period of interest. This should comprise continuous measurements of normally not less than 15 min intervals, which can be continuous or disaggregated."
4.2.3 All sound level measurements were undertaken in accordance with BS 4142:2014+A1:2019 (BSI, 2019) and BS 7445-1:2003 (BSI, 2003), i.e. with microphones mounted to a height of 1.2 to 1.5 m above ground level and no less than 3.5 m from any reflecting surface other than the ground.
4.2.4 At each location sound levels were measured using integrating averaging sound level meters (SLMs) conforming to Class 1 as defined by BS EN 61672-1:2013 (BSI, 2013). The SLMs were field calibrated before and at the end of each survey period by applying an acoustic calibrator, conforming to BS EN 60942:2018 (BSI, 2018), to the microphone to check the sensitivity of the measuring equipment. Any drift in calibration levels was noted at the end of the survey period. No significant deviation was found at any location.
4.2.5 All SLMs used during the monitoring had undergone laboratory calibration within a period not exceeding two years prior to use. All acoustic calibrators used had undergone laboratory calibration within a period not exceeding one year prior to
use. See Annex A for a summary of laboratory calibrations and calibration certificates.
4.2.6 Meteorological measurement equipment was deployed to monitor local wind speeds and direction, precipitation, air temperature and relative humidity during the surveys. The logged meteorological data have been used in the analysis of the sound level data to ensure that only data collected during appropriate weather conditions has been used when determining representative sound levels to be used in the assessment.

### 4.3 Data collection locations

## Construction Phase

4.3.1 Partially attended sound monitoring equipment was installed at locations representative of the nearest NSRs to:

- trenchless crossing compounds; and
- temporary construction compounds.
4.3.2 The sound monitoring equipment measured sound levels for approximately 24hours.
4.3.3 1-hr attended sound monitoring was undertaken at proposed heavy construction access locations where existing road traffic flows were unlikely to be suitable to calculate baseline noise levels to inform the construction traffic assessment.
4.3.4 All measurements were undertaken during local schools' term-time.
4.3.5 The 24-hour monitoring equipment was unattended for the majority of the survey period. Observations of the sound environment were made during equipment deployment and collection to contextualise the monitoring location.
4.3.6 Sound monitoring was proposed to be undertaken at 31 locations. To date, sound monitoring has been completed at 25 locations between 27-29 March 2023, 3 - 4 May and 15-17 November 2023. Monitoring has not been undertaken at all 31 proposed locations due to land access restrictions.
4.3.7 Where baseline data is not available to inform the assessment, the approach has subsequently defaulted to using Category A significance thresholds based on Table E. 1 from BS-5228-1 (BSI, 2014a). This is the most conservative assessment category as it assumes the lowest existing ambient noise levels at the assessment location in accordance with the assessment methodology. In addition, further detail on the assessment approach is provided in the ES Chapter 21: Noise and vibration, Volume 2 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.21). Furthermore, all additional data obtained after DCO Application submission (i.e. surveys undertaken between 15-17 November 2023, has been incorporated into the ES Chapter 21: Noise and vibration, Volume 2 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.21) which has been updated at the Procedural Deadline A submission.
4.3.8 The monitoring comprised 24-hour partially attended measurements to determine ambient and background noise levels at receptors in proximity to trenchless crossing compounds and temporary construction compounds.

Attended 1-hour measurements have been undertaken to characterise road traffic noise levels at construction access locations where existing traffic data is unlikely to be sufficient to calculate the corresponding road traffic noise,
Partially attended 24-hour monitoring locations are presented in Table 4-3.

Page intentionally blank

Table 4-3 24-hour monitoring locations

| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period/ Comment | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |  |
| HDD-01- <br> NML1 | The Sound Level Meter (SLM) was deployed along the eastern boundary of a hedge bounding garden. The SLM was located approximately 2.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 30 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 500903 | 101643 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 27/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD01-N, HDD01-S, HDD01A-S |
| HDD-02- <br> NML2 | The SLM was deployed along the north of a fence/bund bounding garden. The SLM was located approximately 2.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 30 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 501533 | 101302 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 27/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD02-S |
| HDD-03NML3 | No access to monitoring location. | 501529 | 103384 | N/A | HDD03-S, HDD03-E, HDD03-S Industrial, HDD03NE |
| HDD-07NML5 | The SLM was deployed along the northern boundary of an agricultural field directly to the west of Lyminster Road, and to the north of Brookside Caravan Park. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 502583 | 104621 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 16/11/2023 } \\ & \text { 17/11/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD05-N, HDD05-SW, HDD05-S, HDD05-E, HDD06-W, HDD06-S, HDD06-N |


| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period/ Comment | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |  |
| HDD-18- <br> NML14 | The SLM was deployed west of the Memorial Hall, at the southeastern corner of a recreational field directly to the north of St Marys C of E Primary School. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 13 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 512215 | 113056 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 16/11/2023 - } \\ & 17 / 11 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | HDD16and17-S, HDD16and17-N, Compound 2 - SW, Compound 2 - S |
| HDD-19- <br> NML15 | No access to monitoring location. | 512579 | 112943 | N/A | HDD16and17-E, |
| HDD-20- <br> NML16 | No access to monitoring location. | 514213 | 113464 | N/A | HDD18-E |
| HDD-21- <br> NML17 | No access to monitoring location. | 514560 | 113648 | N/A | HDD19-N (Church), HDD19N, HDD19-S, HDD19-E, HDD19-SW |
| HDD-22- <br> NML18 | The SLM was deployed on a fence post to the south of the nearby property. The SLM was located approximately 2.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 30 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 516961 | 114872 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 28/03/2023 } \\ & \text { 29/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD20-N, HDD20-W |
| HDD-23NML19 | The SLM was deployed approximately 20 m east of the B2135. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 1 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 517967 | 115606 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 28/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 29/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HDD21-E, HDD21-N, } \\ & \text { HDD21-S } \end{aligned}$ |


| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period/ Comment | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |  |
| HDD-24- <br> NML20 | The SLM was deployed in the southeast corner of the field. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 518752 | 116794 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 28/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 29/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HDD22-N, HDD22-S, } \\ & \text { HDD22-W } \end{aligned}$ |
| HDD-25- <br> NML21 | The SLM was deployed in the northwest corner of the field. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 518725 | 117193 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 28/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 29/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HDD23-S, HDD23-W, } \\ & \text { HDD23-NW } \end{aligned}$ |
| HDD-26- <br> NML22 | The SLM was deployed in the tree line to the west of the A281. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 520940 | 120032 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 27/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD24-S, HDD24-E, HDD24-W, HDD24-N |
| HDD-27- <br> NML23 | The SLM was deployed in the field to the north of the nearby property. The SLM was located approximately 2.5 m above ground in a free-field position, about 1.5 m away from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 521503 | 120246 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 28/03/2023 } \\ & \text { 29/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD25-S |
| HDD-28- <br> NML24 | No access to monitoring location. | 521841 | 121061 | N/A | HDD25-N, HDD26-W, <br> HDD26-E, HDD26-N |
| HDD-31- <br> NML25 | The SLM was deployed on the southern boundary of the nursing home. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 50 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 523896 | 121808 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 27/03/2023 } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD29-N, HDD29-W, HDD29-E, HDD29-S |


| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period/ Comment | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |  |
| HDD-32- <br> NML26 | The SLM was deployed on a fencepost adjacent to the A27. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 50 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 505422 | 105641 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 03/05/2023 - } \\ & 04 / 05 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | HDD08-S, HDD08-N (Hospice), HDD08-W |
| HDD-33NML27 | No access to monitoring location. | 505865 | 105425 | N/A | HDD09 E, HDD09-S, HDD09N |
| HDD-34- <br> NML28 | The SLM was deployed on a fencepost to the north east of the closest property. The SLM was located approximately 2.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 6 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 506227 | 105856 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 28/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 29/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD10-S, HDD10-E, <br> HDD10-W, HDD10-N |
| HDD-35NML29 | The SLM was deployed on a fencepost to the north west of the closest property. The SLM was located approximately 2.7 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 20 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 506686 | 105839 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 27/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | HDD11-E, HDD11-S |
| HDD-38 NML30* | The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 501529 | 103384 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 27/03/2023 - } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | Initially used to represent HDD12-E, HDD12-SE but daytime superseded by TC-12-NML41 |
| TC-07NML40 | No access to monitoring location. | 504598 | 105496 | N/A | HDD07-N, HDD07-N |


| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period/ Comment | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { TC-12- } \\ & \text { NML41 } \end{aligned}$ | The SLM was deployed adjacent to a grassed area approximately 50 m west of Michelgrove Lane, 90 m south of Michelgrove House, and 11 m southwest of Michelgrove Cottages. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position, approximately 11 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. | 508174 | 108438 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 16/11/2023 } \\ & \text { 14:00-} \\ & 16 / 11 / 2023 \\ & 16: 30 \end{aligned}$ | HDD12-E, HDD12-SE |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CC-1- } \\ & \text { NML31 } \end{aligned}$ | The SLM was deployed on the northern boundary of an agricultural field directly to the east of Church Lane, and to the north of Climping Village Hall and playing fields. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 500414 | 102216 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 / 11 / 2023 \\ & 17 / 11 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | Compound 1 - S, Compound 1 - E, Compound 1 - N, Compound 1 - W, Compound 1-W (Village Hall), Climping C of E Primary School |
| CC-3NML32 | The SLM was deployed in the southeast corner of Washington Caravan and Camping Park adjacent to the southern boundary hedgerow. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 512308 | 113335 | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 11 / 2023 \\ & 16 / 11 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | Compound 2 - E, Compound 2 - NW, Compound 2 - N (Caravan Park) |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { CC-4- } \\ & \text { NML33** } \end{aligned}$ | No access to monitoring location | 512909 | 113352 | N/A | N/A |
| CC-5- <br> NML34 | The SLM was deployed at the northern boundary of the recreational field directly to the west of Oakendene Industrial Estate, and approximately | 522450 | 122558 | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 11 / 2023 \\ & 16 / 11 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | Compound 3 - N, Compound 3 - NW, Compound 3 - NE |


| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period/ Comment | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |  |
|  | 45 m south of the A272. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. |  |  |  |  |
| OPNML1*** | The SLM was located approximately 10 m west of Kent Street and 80 m south of the A272. The SLM was deployed at a height of 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 523149 | 122672 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 13/02/2023 - } \\ & \text { 20/02/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | Compound 4 - E |
| OP- <br> NML3*** | The SLM was located approximately 200 m south of the Oakendene Industrial Estate and was deployed at a height of 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 522572 | 122055 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 13/02/2023 - } \\ & \text { 20/02/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | Compound 3 -S |
| OP-NML4** | The SLM was located approximately 200 m south of the A272 and 160m east of the Oakendene Industrial Estate and was deployed at a height of 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 522798 | 122562 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 06/02/2023 - } \\ & \text { 13/02/2023 } \end{aligned}$ | Compound 4 - W, Compound 4 - NW, Compound 4 - N |
| * This survey location has been superseded during the daytime, by Position TC-12-NML41, which is more representative of the assessment receptors. |  |  |  |  |  |
| **This monitoring location was initially proposed to be representative of the NSRs to the eastern Washington Construction Compound. However, this compound is not part of the Proposed Development and the associated receptors are not part of the assessment. |  |  |  |  |  |


| Monitoring <br> Location ID | Location description | British Grid | Monitoring <br> period/ <br> Comment | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

***Operational monitoring locations associated with the onshore substation operational surveys have been used as representative monitoring locations for receptors associated with the Oakendene Substation Compound, and Oakendene West Compound.

Table 4-4 1-hour monitoring locations

| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period/ Comment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |
| CA-2-NML36 | The SLM was located approximately 1.6 m above ground in a free-field position. | 500903 | 101643 | 27/03/2023-28/03/2023 |
| CA-3 NML37 | No access to monitoring location | 501533 | 101302 | 27/03/2023-28/03/2023 |
| CA-4 NML38 | The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 501529 | 103384 | 27/03/2023-28/03/2023 |
| CA-5-NML39 | The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 502583 | 104621 | 27/03/2023-28/03/2023 |
| CA-6 NML40 | The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 512215 | 113056 | 27/03/2023-28/03/2023 |
| CA-7-NML41 | The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 512579 | 112943 | 27/03/2023-28/03/2023 |
| CA-8-NML42 | The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 514213 | 113464 | 27/03/2023-28/03/2023 |

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## Meteorological conditions

4.3.11 A data logging meteorological station was deployed at NML30 (3 March 2023 to 4 March 2023) during the survey period. The meteorological station logged concurrently with the sound level surveys to allow adverse weather conditions (i.e. wind speeds in excess of $5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ or rainfall) to be identified and corresponding sound levels excluded from the data analysis.
4.3.12 Specific details about the location of the monitoring equipment and observations made during deployment and collection of the long-term measurements are detailed in Annex B.
4.3.13 Table 4-5 presents the total time monitored at each 24-hour location alongside the total time excluded from the data analysis.

Table 4-5 Time monitored at each 24-hr monitoring location

| Monitoring <br> Location ID | Total no. 15- <br> minute <br> samples | Total duration <br> of dataset <br> (HH:MM) | No. samples <br> excluded due <br> to adverse <br> weather | Duration of <br> dataset, with <br> exclusions <br> (HH:MM) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HDD-01-NML1 | 88 | $22: 00$ | 2 | $21: 30$ |
| HDD-02-NML2 | 88 | $22: 00$ | 2 | $21: 30$ |
| HDD-07-NML5 | 80 | $20: 00$ | 2 | $19: 30$ |
| HDD-18-NML14 | 80 | $20: 00$ | 7 | $18: 15$ |
| HDD-22-NML18 | 76 | $19: 00$ | 1 | $18: 45$ |
| HDD-23-NML19 | 92 | $23: 00$ | 4 | $22: 00$ |
| HDD-24-NML20 | 86 | $21: 30$ | 3 | $20: 45$ |
| HDD-25-NML21 | 86 | $21: 30$ | 2 | $21: 00$ |
| HDD-26-NML22 | 89 | $22: 15$ | 2 | $21: 45$ |
| HDD-27-NML23 | 68 | $23: 00$ | 2 | $16: 30$ |
| HDD-31-NML25 | 93 | $21: 45$ | 3 | $22: 45$ |
| HDD-32-NML26 | 87 | $21: 30$ | 3 | $21: 00$ |
| HDD-34-NML28 | 86 | 88 | 1 | $20: 45$ |
| HDD-35-NML29 | 88 |  | 215 |  |


| Monitoring <br> Location ID | Total no. 15- <br> minute <br> samples | Total duration <br> of dataset <br> (HH:MM) | No. samples <br> excluded due <br> to adverse <br> weather | Duration of <br> dataset, with <br> exclusions <br> (HH:MM) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HDD-38- <br> NML30* | 91 | $22: 45$ | 3 | $22: 00$ |
| TC-12-NML41** | 11 | $02: 45$ | 0 | $02: 45$ |
| CC-1-NML31 | 80 | $20: 00$ | 2 | $20: 00$ |
| CC-3-NML32 | 80 | $20: 00$ | 10 | $19: 30$ |
| CC-5-NML34 | 80 | $20: 00$ | 8 | $18: 00$ |
| * This survey location has been superseded, during the daytime, by Position TC-12- |  |  |  |  |
| NML41 which is more representative of the assessment receptors |  |  |  |  |
| **This survey location was constrained due to shooting activity. Consequently, only a <br> small window of survey opportunity was available. Therefore, evening and night-time <br> sound data was not obtained. |  |  |  |  |

## Operation and maintenance phase

4.3.14 Long term monitoring equipment was left to measure sound levels at the closest receptors to the proposed onshore substation at Oakendene.
4.3.15 The long-term monitoring equipment was unattended for the majority of the survey period. Observations of the sound environment were made during equipment deployment and collection to contextualise the monitoring location.
4.3.16 Sound monitoring was undertaken at four locations around the proposed onshore substation at Oakendene location between 6-20 February 2023. This consisted of long-term monitoring to determine ambient and background noise levels at receptors in proximity to the proposed onshore substation at Oakendene.
4.3.17 The long-term monitoring locations are presented in Table 4-6 and Figure 21.2, Volume 3 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.3.21).

Table 4-6 Long-term monitoring locations (operation)

| Monitoring <br> Location | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring <br> period | Representative <br> of NSR(s) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ID | X | Y |  |  |  |
| OP-NML1 | The SLM was located <br> Tapproximately 10m <br> west of Kent Street and | 523149 | 122672 | $13 / 02 / 2023$ | SS1-NE |
|  |  |  | - | $20 / 02 / 2023$ |  |


| Monitoring Location ID | Location description | British Grid |  | Monitoring period | Representative of NSR(s) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | X | Y |  |  |
|  | 80 m south of the A272. The SLM was deployed at a height of 1.5 m above ground in a freefield position. |  |  |  |  |
| OP-NML2 | The SLM was located approximately 40 m west of Kent Street and was deployed at a height of 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 523126 | 122085 | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 02 / 2023 \\ & - \\ & 20 / 02 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | SS2-SE |
| OP-NML3 | The SLM was located approximately 200 m south of the Oakendene Industrial Estate and was deployed at a height of 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 522572 | 122055 | $\begin{aligned} & 13 / 02 / 2023 \\ & - \\ & 20 / 02 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | SS3-SW |
| OP-NML4 | The SLM was located approximately 200 m south of the A272 and 160 m east of the Oakendene Industrial Estate and was deployed at a height of 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | 522798 | 122562 | $\begin{aligned} & 06 / 02 / 2023 \\ & - \\ & 13 / 02 / 2023 \end{aligned}$ | SS4-NW |

Meteorological conditions
4.3.18 Meteorological conditions were measured at OP-NML4. Meteorological conditions varied throughout the survey. Monitoring periods where average wind speeds exceeded $5 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$ and / or rainfall occurred have been removed from the analysis to ensure that adverse weather conditions had no influence on the monitoring results.
4.3.19 Table 4-7 presents the total time monitored at each location alongside the total time excluded from the data analysis.

## Table 4-7 Time monitored at each monitoring location (operation)

| Monitoring <br> Location <br> ID | Total no. <br> 15- <br> minute <br> samples | Total duration of dataset <br> (HH:MM) | No. samples <br> excluded due <br> to adverse <br> weather | Duration of <br> dataset, with <br> exclusions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| OP-NML1 | 679 | 7 Days 1 Hours and 45 <br> Minutes | 6 | 7 Days 0 Hours <br> and 15 Minutes |
| OP-NML2 | 679 | 7 Days 1 Hours and 45 <br> Minutes | 6 | 7 Days 0 Hours <br> and 15 Minutes |
| OP-NML3 | 677 | 7 Days 1 Hours and 15 <br> Minutes | 4 | 7 Days 0 Hours <br> and 15 Minutes |
| OP-NML4 | 647 | 6 Days 17 Hours and 45 <br> Minutes | 3 | 6 Days 17 Hours <br> and 0 Minutes |

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## 5. Results

### 5.1 Summary

5.1.1 Annex B contains detailed results for each monitoring location, including site photos and monitoring location. For each assessment period, different parameters have been calculated along with the statistics for the number of periods excluded from the analysis due to adverse weather.
5.1.2 The different assessment periods are presented in Table 5-1.

Table 5-1 Summary of assessment periods

| Assessment Period | Time |
| :--- | :--- |
| Construction daytime | Monday - Sunday: 0700-1900 |
| Construction evenings | Monday - Sunday: 1900-2300 |
| Construction night-time | Monday - Sunday: 2300-0700 |
| Operational daytime | Monday - Sunday: 0700-2300 |
| Operational night-time | Monday - Sunday: 2300-0700 |

## Construction

5.1.3 A summary of the 24-hour logarithmically averaged ambient noise levels is presented in Table 5-2.

Table 5-2 Summary of 24-hr ambient noise levels (logarithmic average)

| Monitoring Location ID | $L_{\text {Aeq, }}(\mathrm{dB})$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Construction daytime | Construction evening | Construction night-time |
| HDD-01-NML1 | 49 | 41 | 49 |
| HDD-02-NML2 | 53 | 41 | 51 |
| HDD-07-NML5 | 50 | 46 | 46 |
| HDD-18-NML14 | 67 | 49 | 45 |
| HDD-22-NML18 | 49 | 37 | 37 |
| HDD-23-NML19 | 56 | 50 | 47 |


| Monitoring Location ID | $L_{\text {Aeq, }}(\mathrm{dB})$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Construction daytime | Construction evening | Construction night-time |
| HDD-24-NML20 | 53 | 51 | 45 |
| HDD-25-NML21 | 50 | 46 | 42 |
| HDD-26-NML22 | 57 | 52 | 52 |
| HDD-27-NML23 | 47 | 38 | 40 |
| HDD-31-NML25 | 51 | 49 | 46 |
| HDD-32-NML26 | 65 | 62 | 59 |
| HDD-34-NML28 | 65 | 59 | 54 |
| HDD-35-NML29 | 63 | 58 | 54 |
| HDD-38-NML30 | 46* | 43 | 45 |
| TC-12-NML41 | 57 | -** | -** |
| CC-1-NML31 | 57 | 52 | 51 |
| CC-3-NML32 | 51 | 47 | 43 |
| CC-5-NML34 | 62 | 56 | 53 |
| CA-2-NML36 | 51 | - | - |
| CA-4-NML38 | 46 | - | - |
| CA-5-NML39 | 57 | - | - |
| CA-6-NML40 | 59 | - | - |
| CA-7-NML41 | 70 | - | - |
| CA-8-NML42 | 47 | - | - |

* This survey location has been superseded during the daytime, by Position TC-12-NML41, which is more representative of the assessment receptors.
**This survey location was constrained due to shooting activity. Consequently, only a small window of survey opportunity was available. Therefore, evening and night-time sound data was not obtained and previously obtained levels from HDD38 should be used.


## Operation and maintenance

5.1.4 A summary of the long-term logarithmically averaged ambient noise levels is presented in Table 5-3.

Table 5-3 Summary of long-term ambient noise levels (logarithmic average)

|  | $L_{\text {Aeq, } 7}(\mathrm{~dB})$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Monitoring Location ID | Operational daytime | Operational night-time |
| OP-NML1 | 61 | 55 |
| OP-NML2 | 47 | 40 |
| OP-NML3 | 46 | 46 |
| OP-NML4 | 50 | 46 |

5.1.5 A summary of the statistical background levels are provided Table 5-4. Graphic 5-1 to Graphic 5-8 provide graphs illustrating the number of occurrences of each La90,15min measurement at each operational monitoring location.

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Table 5-4 Summary of statistical background sound levels

|  | Background Sound Level, La90, (dB) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operational Daytime |  |  |  | Operational Night-time |  |  |  |
|  | OP-NML1 | OP-NML2 | OP-NML3 | OP-NML4 | OP-NML1 | OP-NML2 | OP-NML3 | OP-NML4 |
| Min | 31 | 28 | 31 | 30 | 19 | 20 | 22 | 19 |
| 25th Percentile | 49 | 34 | 36 | 44 | 26 | 25 | 29 | 26 |
| Median | 54 | 38 | 40 | 45 | 30 | 28 | 31 | 30 |
| 75th Percentile | 57 | 40 | 42 | 48 | 35 | 31 | 35 | 36 |
| Max | 62 | 46 | 48 | 54 | 58 | 44 | 46 | 53 |
| Mode | 58 | 39 | 44 | 45 | 24 | 29 | 29 | 28 |
| Arithmetic Mean | 52 | 37 | 39 | 45 | 32 | 29 | 32 | 32 |

Graphic 5-1 OP-NML1 - Daytime


## Graphic 5-2 OP-NML1 - Night-time



Graphic 5-3 OP-NML2 - Daytime


## Graphic 5-4 OP-NML2 - Night-time



Graphic 5-5 OP-NML3 - Daytime


Graphic 5-6 OP-NML3 - Night-time


Graphic 5-7 OP-NML4 - Daytime


## Graphic 5-8 OP-NML4 - Night-time



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## 6. Summary

6.1.1 Baseline sound surveys have been undertaken to inform the assessment in Chapter 21: Noise and vibration, Volume 2 Rev B of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.21) This Appendix presents the results of the baseline sound surveys which were conducted.
6.1.2 All monitoring and subsequent data processing, analysis and reporting was undertaken in accordance with the relevant British Standards and the agreed methodology.
6.1.3 The measured sound levels are typical of the locations where the data were acquired. Any unrepresentative events / data have been removed from the datasets (periods with wind speeds greater than $5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ or periods with rain, for example).
6.1.4 Based on the above, the measured sound levels are considered representative of the NSRs in proximity to each measurement location, and the representative sound levels to be used in the noise assessment in Chapter 21: Noise and vibration, Volume 2 of the ES (Document Reference: 6.2.21) and are provided in Table 6-1 to Table 6-3.

Table 6-1 Summary of construction baseline ambient sound levels (logarithmic average)

| Receptor ID | Construction <br> daytime | Construction <br> evening | Construction <br> night-time |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HDD01-N | 49 | 41 | $49^{*}$ |
| HDD01-S | 49 | 41 | $49^{*}$ |
| HDD01A-S | 49 | 41 | $49^{*}$ |
| HDD02-S | 53 | 41 | $51^{*}$ |
| HDD05-E | 50 | 46 | 46 |
| HDD05-N | 50 | 46 | 46 |
| HDD05-S | 50 | 46 | 46 |
| HDD05-SW | 50 | 46 | 46 |
| HDD06-N | 50 | 46 | 46 |
| HDD06-W | 50 | 46 | 46 |


| Receptor ID | $L_{\text {Aeq, }}(\mathrm{dB})$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Construction daytime | Construction evening | Construction night-time |
| HDD06-S | 50 | 46 | 46 |
| HDD08-N (Hospice) | 65 | 62 | 59 |
| HDD08-S | 65 | 62 | 59 |
| HDD08-W | 65 | 62 | 59 |
| HDD10-E | 65 | 59 | 54 |
| HDD10-N | 65 | 59 | 54 |
| HDD10-S | 65 | 59 | 54 |
| HDD10-W | 65 | 59 | 54 |
| HDD11-E | 63 | 58 | 54 |
| HDD11-S | 63 | 58 | 54 |
| HDD12-E | 57 | - | - |
| HDD12-SE | 57 | - | - |
| HDD16and17-S | 67 | 49 | 47 |
| HDD16and17-E | 67 | 49 | 47 |
| HDD16and17-N | 67 | 49 | 47 |
| HDD22-N | 49 | 37 | 37 |
| HDD22-W | 49 | 37 | 37 |
| HDD23-E | 56 | 50 | 47 |
| HDD23-N | 56 | 50 | 47 |
| HDD23-S | 56 | 50 | 47 |
| HDD24-N | 53 | 51 | 45 |
| HDD24-S | 53 | 51 | 45 |
| HDD24-W | 53 | 51 | 45 |
| HDD25-S | 50 | 46 | 42 |
| HDD25-W | 50 | 46 | 42 |


| Receptor ID | Construction <br> daytime | Construction <br> evening | Construction <br> night-time |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HDD25-NW | 50 | 46 | 42 |
| HDD26-S | 57 | 52 | $52^{*}$ |
| HDD26-E | 57 | 52 | $52^{*}$ |
| HDD26-W | 57 | 52 | $52^{*}$ |
| HDD26-N | 57 | 52 | $52^{*}$ |
| HDD27-N | 47 | 38 | 40 |
| HDD27-S | 47 | 38 | 40 |
| HDD29-W | 51 | 49 | 46 |
| HDD29-S | 51 | 49 | 46 |

*Data identified as anomalous. The assessment will consequently utilise Category A thresholds of significance from the BS 5228-1 'ABC method' (BSI, 2009) for these NSRs.

Table 6-2 Summary of operational baseline ambient sound levels (logarithmic average)

| NSR Location reference | $L_{\text {Aeq, } 7}(\mathrm{~dB})$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operational daytime | Operational night-time |
| SS1-NE | 61 | 55 |
| SS2-SE | 48 | 40 |
| SS3-SW | 47 | 46 |
| SS4-NW | 51 | 47 |

Table 6-3 Summary of operational baseline background sound levels (median)

| NSR Location reference | $L_{A 90, T}(\mathrm{~dB})$ <br> Operational daytime |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Operational night-time |  |  |


| NSR Location reference | LA90, $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> Operational daytime |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Operational night-time |  |  |
| SS3-SW | 41 | 31 |
| SS4-NW | 46 | 30 |

6.1.5 BS 4142 (BSI, 2019) requires that the background sound levels adopted for the assessment be representative for the period being assessed. BS 4142 (BSI, 2019) recommends that the background sound level should be derived from continuous measurements of normally not less than 15-minute intervals, which can be contiguous or disaggregated. However, BS 4142 (BSI, 2019) states that there is no 'single' background sound level that can be derived from such measurements. It is particularly difficult to determine what is 'representative' of the night-time period because it can be subject to a wide variation in background sound levels between the 'shoulder' night periods, i.e. 23:00-00:00 and 06:00-07:00 when the greatest increase or decrease in background sound levels are likely to occur. The accompanying note to paragraph 8.1.4 states that:
'a representative level ought to account for the range of background sounds levels and ought not automatically to be assumed to be either the minimum or modal value'.
6.1.6 It is considered that the median is suitably representative of the typical background sound level at each operational monitoring location and have subsequently been used to inform the assessment.

## 7. Glossary of terms and abbreviations

| Table 7-1 | Glossary of terms and abbreviations |
| :--- | :--- |
| Term | Definition |
| Acoustic <br> environment | Sound from all sources as modified by the environment. |
| Ambient | Totally encompassing sound in a given situation at a given time, <br> usually composed of sound from many sources near and far. |
| sound | The LAeq,T, of the totally encompassing sound in a given situation at a <br> given time, usually from many sources near and far, at the |
| Ambient |  |
| assessment location over a given time interval, T. |  |


| Term | Definition |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | a centre frequency of 1000 Hz with lower and upper frequencies of 891 Hz and 1112 Hz , respectively. |
| Hertz (Hz) | The number of waves per second. The unit of measurement for frequency of a sound wave. |
| Impulsive | A sound described as being impulsive will be characterised by a sudden onset rate of sound. In BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019 the onset rate of a sound must exceed a slope gradient of 10 dB per second on the positive slope for a sound to be characterised as impulsive. A penalty of up to 9 dB can be applied to an impulsive sound dependent on impulse prominence. |
| Intermittent | An intermittent sound will come from a source that has on and off conditions that are readily distinguishable against the residual acoustic environment. <br> In BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019 a penalty of 3 dB can be applied to a sound where it is determined to be intermittent. |
| La10, 18h | The $L_{A 10,18 h}$ is the A-weighted sound pressure level that is exceeded for $10 \%$ of an 18 -hour measurement. |
| La90, t | The A-weighted sound pressure level that is exceeded for $90 \%$ of a given time interval, T. Known as the 'background sound level'. |
| LAeq, ${ }_{\text {t }}$ | The A-weighted equivalent continuous sound level. It is the notional continuous level that, over the defined time period, T, contains the same sound energy as the actual fluctuating sound that occurred over the same time period. |
| $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ 16hr / LAeq, 8hr | The LAeq ${ }^{\text {over }} 16$ hour and 8 hour periods respectively |
| $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ 18hr / LAeq, 6hr | The $L_{\text {Aeq }}$ over 18 hour and 6 hour periods respectively. |
| $L_{\text {afmax, }}$ | The maximum recorded sound level within a given time period, $T$, measured using a fast time weighting. |
| $L_{\text {an,t }}$ | The level of A-weighted noise exceeded for N\% of the measurement time T . Note that the time weighting (usually Fast) is sometimes included, denoted by 'F' (e.g. Lafn,T) |
| $L_{\text {ASmax, }}$ | The maximum recorded sound level within a given time period, $T$, measured using a slow time weighting. |
| Mean (average) | The arithmetic average of a set of numbers, e.g. add up the numbers and divide by the number of numbers. |


| Term | Definition |
| :---: | :---: |
| Modal (average) | The mode is the number in a dataset that is repeated more often than any other number in the same set. |
| Noise | A term used to describe 'unwanted sound' or any sound that is undesired by the recipient. |
| NSIP | Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects are major infrastructure developments in England and Wales which are consented by DCO under the Planning Act 2008. These include proposals for offshore wind farms with an installed capacity over 100MW. |
| Rating level, Lar, $T$ | The specific sound level, plus any adjustments for the characteristic features of the sound, (such as tonality, impulsivity or intermittency). |
| Root mean square (rms) | Root Mean Square of a time-varying quantity is obtained by squaring the amplitude at each instant, obtaining the average of the squared values over the interval of interest, and then taking the Square Root of this average. |
| Sound | A term used to describe airborne waves that can be heard. |
| Sound level meter (SLM) | SLM is the instrument used for acoustic (sound that travels through air) measurements. It is commonly a hand-held instrument with a microphone. The diaphragm of the microphone responds to changes in air pressure caused by sound waves. |
| Sound pressure level ( $L_{p}$ ) | Sound pressure level is the RMS value of the Instantaneous Sound Pressures measured over a specified period of time, measured in decibels $(d B)$ to a given reference pressure level. |
| Specific sound level | An equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level produced by the specific sound source at the assessment location over a given reference time interval, $\operatorname{Tr}$. |
| Time weighting | Time weightings determine how quickly the sound level meter responds to changes in sound pressure level. <br> Fast time weighting: the sound level meter samples over a few discrete 125 ms periods, with all parameters calculated from these 125 ms measurements. E.g. a 15 -minute measurement period is actually 432,000 individual measurements. <br> Slow time weighting: the sound level meter samples over several discrete 1 second periods, with all parameters calculated from these 1 second measurements. |
| Tonal | A sound described as being tonal will be characterised as a sound that contains one or more distinct tones. In BS 4142:2014 + A1:2019 a tone can be identified where a frequency band contains more energy and is shown to have a certain level difference over its neighboring |

## Term Definition

bands. A penalty of up to 6 dB can be applied to a tonal sound dependent on tonal prominence.

Weighting network

An electronic filter in a sound level meter, which approximates, under defined conditions, the frequency response of the human ear. The Aweighting network is most commonly used.

## 8. References

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9f527eb86fb6\&psq=Guidelines+for+Environmental+Noise+Impact+Assessments+IEMA+2 014\&u=a1aHR0cHM6Ly93d3cuaWVtYS5uZXQvZG93bmxvYWQtZG9jdW1IbnQvMjM2Njc 4\&ntb=1 [Accessed 28 June 2023].

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## Annex A <br> Calibration Certificates

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Measurement Systems

CERTIFICATE OF
CALIBRATION

Date of Issue: 30 March 2021
Calibrated at \& Certificate issued bv:

Certificate Number: UCRT21/1421


Customer


Order No.
Description
Identification

Performance Class
Test Procedure

26006559
Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator

| Manufacturer | Instrument | Type | Serial No. / Version |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rion | Sound Level Meter | NL-52 | 01143535 |
| Rion | Firmware |  | 2.0 |
| Rion | Pre Amplifier | NH-25 | 43552 |
| Rion | Microphone | UC-59 | 07396 |
| Rion | Calibrator | NC-74 | 34251554 |
|  | Calibrator adaptor type if applicable | NC-74-002 |  |

## 1

TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49
Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests.
Type Approved to IEC 61672-1:2002 YES Approval Number 21.21/13.02
If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003
Date Received
Date Calibrated

25 March 2021
30 March 2021

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2006, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

| Previous Certificate | Dated | Certificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 12 December 2019 | UCRT19/2347 | 0653 |

This certificate is issued in accordance with the laboratory accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. It provides traceability of measurement to the SI system of units and/or to units of measurement realised at the National Physical Laboratory or other recognised national metrology institutes. This certificate may not be reproduced other than in full, except with the prior written approval of the issuing laboratory.

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.

| SLM instruction manual title Sound | Meter NL-42 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SLM instruction manual ref / issue | 11-03 |  |  |  |
| SLM instruction manual source | Manufac |  |  |  |
| Internet download date if applicable | N/A |  |  |  |
| Case corrections available | Yes |  |  |  |
| Uncertainties of case corrections | Yes |  |  |  |
| Source of case data | Manufac |  |  |  |
| Wind screen corrections available | Yes |  |  |  |
| Uncertainties of wind screen corrections | Yes |  |  |  |
| Source of wind screen data | Manufac |  |  |  |
| Mic pressure to free field corrections | Yes |  |  |  |
| Uncertainties of Mic to F.F. corrections | Yes |  |  |  |
| Source of Mic to F.F. corrections | Manufac |  |  |  |
| Total expanded uncertainties within the | ments of IEC 6 | 2-1:2 |  | Yes |
| Specified or equivalent Calibrator | Specifi |  |  |  |
| Customer or Lab Calibrator | Customers | rator |  |  |
| Calibrator adaptor type if applicable | NC-74- |  |  |  |
| Calibrator cal. date | 26 March |  |  |  |
| Calibrator cert. number | UCRT21 |  |  |  |
| Calibrator cal cert issued by | 0653 |  |  |  |
| Calibrator SPL @ STP | 94.03 | dB |  | tion |
| Calibrator frequency | 1001.00 | Hz | Cal | tion |
| Reference level range | 25-130 | dB |  |  |

Accessories used or corrected for during calibration - Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15
Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.


The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of IEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.
END

Calibrated by:


CERTIFICATE OF
CALIBRATION
0653 (X4)

Date of Issue: 12 June 2023
Calibrated at \& Certificate issued bv.

Certificate Number: UCRT23/1766


Customer


Order No.
20163316

Test Procedure $\quad$ Procedure TP 1 Calibration of Sound Calibrators
Description Acoustic Calibrator

| Identification | Manufacturer | Instrument | Model | Serial No. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Rion | Calibrator | NC-74 | 34251553 |

The calibrator has been tested as specified in Annex B of IEC 60942:2003. As public evidence was available from a testing organisation (PTB) responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests, to demonstrate that the model of sound calibrator fully conformed to the requirements for pattern evaluation described in Annex A of IEC 60942:2003, the sound calibrator tested is considered to conform to all the class 1 requirements of IEC 60942:2003.

| ANV Job No. | UKAS23/06393 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date Received | 09 June 2023 |  |
| Date Calibrated | 12 June 2023 |  |
| Previous Certificate | Dated <br> Certificate No. <br> Laboratory | UCRT22/1632 <br> UC5 |

[^0]
# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

## Measurements

The sound pressure level generated by the calibrator in its WS2 configuration was measured five times by the Insert Voltage Method using a microphone as detailed below. The mean of the results obtained is shown below. It is corrected to the standard atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa ( 1013 mBar ) using original manufacturers information.

| Test Microphone | Manufacturer | Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Brüel \& Kjær | 4134 |

Results
The level of the calibrator output under the conditions outlined above was

$$
94.01 \pm 0.10 \mathrm{~dB} \text { rel } 20 \mu \mathrm{~Pa}
$$

## Functional Tests and Observations

The frequency of the sound produced was
$1002.91 \pm 0.12 \mathrm{~Hz}$ The total distortion was
$1.14 \pm 0.08 \%$ Distortion

During the measurements environmental conditions were

Temperature
Relative Humidity
Barometric Pressure

| 22 | to | 23 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 39 | to | 46 | $\%$ |
| 100.4 | to | 100.5 kPa |  |

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $\mathrm{k}=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

The uncertainties refer to the measured values only with no account being taken of the ability of the instrument to maintain its calibration.

A small correction factor may need to be applied to the sound pressure level quoted above if the device is used to calibrate a sound level meter which is fitted with a free-field response microphone. See manufacturers handbook for details.

END
Note:
Calibrator adjusted prior to calibration? NO
Initial Level N/A dB
Initial Frequency N/A Hz
Additional Comments
The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.
None


CERTIFICATE
OF
CALIBRATION

Date of Issue: 16 June 2023

Certificate Number: UCRT23/1794

## Customer

Order No.
Description
Identification

Performance Class
Test Procedure

20163436
Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator

| Manufacturer | Instrument | Type | Serial No. / Version |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rion | Sound Level Meter | NL-52 | 01021290 |
| Rion | Firmware |  | 2.0 |
| Rion | Pre Amplifier | NH-25 | 21332 |
| Rion | Microphone | UC-59 | 04346 |
| Rion | Calibrator | NC-74 | 35173440 |
|  | Calibrator adaptor type if applicable | NC-74-002 |  |

TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49
Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests.
Type Approved to IEC 61672-1:2002 YES Approval Number 21.21/13.02
If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003

| Date Received | 15 June 2023 | ANV Job No. | UKAS23/06405 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date Calibrated | 16 June 2023 |  |  |

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2006, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

| Previous Certificate | Dated | Certificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 17 May 2021 | UCRT21/1642 | 0653 |

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# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

Certificate Number
UCRT23/1794
UKAS Accredited Calibration Laboratory No. 0653
Page 2 of 2 Pages

Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.


Accessories used or corrected for during calibration - Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15 Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.

| Environmental conditions during tests | Start | End |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature | 23.16 | 23.61 | $\pm$ | $0.30{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | 44.6 | 47.5 | $\pm$ | 3.00 \%RH |
| Ambient Pressure | 101.05 | 101.04 | $\pm$ | 0.03 kPa |

Response to associated Calibrator at the environmental conditions above.

| Initial indicated level | 94.1 | dB |  | Adjusted indicated level | 94.0 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The uncertainty of the associated calibrator supplied with the sound level meter $\pm$ | 0.10 | dB |  |  |  |

Self Generated Noise This test is currently not performed by this Lab.


The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providin a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of IEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.

END


CERTIFICATE OF<br>CALIBRATION

Date of Issue: 15 June 2023
Calibrated at \& Certificate issued by:

Certificate Number: UCRT23/1793


Customer

Order No.
Description
Identification

Performance Class
Test Procedure

20163436
Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator

| Manufacturer | Instrument | Type | Serial No. / Version |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rion | Sound Level Meter | NL-52 | 01021289 |
| Rion | Firmware |  | 2.0 |
| Rion | Pre Amplifier | NH-25 | 21331 |
| Rion | Microphone | UC-59 | 04345 |
| Rion | Calibrator | NC-74 | 34851881 |
|  | Calibrator adaptor type if applicable | NC-74-002 |  |

1
TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49
Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests.
Type Approved to IEC 61672-1:2002 YES Approval Number 21.21/13.02
If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003

| Date Received | 15 June 2023 | ANV Job No. | UKAS23/06405 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date Calibrated | 15 June 2023 |  |  |

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC $61672-3: 2006$, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

| Previous Certificate | Dated | Certificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 10 May 2021 | UCRT21/1592 | 0653 |

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# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

Certificate Number
UCRT23/1793
UKAS Accredited Calibration Laboratory No. 0653
Page 2 of 2 Pages

Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.


Accessories used or corrected for during calibration - Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15 Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.

| Environmental conditions during tests | Start | End |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Temperature | 23.71 | 23.63 | $\pm 0.30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Humidity | 35.6 | 33.9 | $\pm 3.00 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |
|  | Ambient Pressure | 100.98 | 100.96 | $\pm 0.03 \mathrm{kPa}$ |

Response to associated Calibrator at the environmental conditions above.

| Initial indicated level | 93.9 | dB |  | Adjusted indicated level | 94.0 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The uncertainty of the associated calibrator supplied with the sound level meter $\pm$ | 0.10 | dB |  |  |  |

Self Generated Noise This test is currently not performed by this Lab.


The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of IEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.

END
Additional Comments The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.
None

Date of Issue: 21 April 2022
Calibrated at \& Certificate issued by:

## Certificate Number: UCRT22/1555



Customer


Order No.
Description Identification

26006559
Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator
Manufacturer Instrument Type Serial No./Version

Rion Sound Level Meter NL-52 00331828
Rion Firmware 2.0
Rion Pre Amplifier NH-25 21779
Rion Microphone UC-59 04895
Rion Calibrator NC-74 34251554
Calibrator adaptor type if applicable NC-74-002

Performance Class
Test Procedure

1
TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49
Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests.

If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003
Date Received
20 April 2022
Date Calibrated
21 April 2022
The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2006, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

| Previous Certificate | Dated | Certificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 30 March 2021 | UCRT21/1429 | 0653 |

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# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.


Accessories used or corrected for during calibration -
Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15 Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.

| Environmental conditions during tests | Start | End |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature | 24.35 | 24.35 | $\pm$ | $0.30{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | 42.5 | 42.0 | $\pm$ | 3.00 \%RH |
| Ambient Pressure | 100.17 | 100.15 | $\pm$ | 0.03 kPa |


| Response to associated Calibrator at the environmental conditions above. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Initial indicated level\| | 94.1 | dB |  | Adjusted indicated level | 94.0 | dB |
| The uncertainty of the associated calibrator supplied with the sound level meter $\pm$ | 0.10 | dB |  |  |  |  |

Self Generated Noise This test is currently not performed by this Lab.

| Microphone instailed (if requested by customer) $=$ Less Than | N/A | dB | A Weighting |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Uncertainty of the microphone installed self generated noise | N/A | dB |  |

Microphone replaced with electrical input device - $\quad$ UR $=$ Under Range indicated

| Weighting | A |  | C |  | Z |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of fEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.

## END

Additional Comments The results on this certificate only relate to the items callibrated as identified above.
None

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

0653
Date of Issue: 10 March 2022
Calihrated at $R$ Certificate issumed hu"
Certificate Number: UCRT22/1353


Customer


Order No.
Description
Identification

Performance Class
Test Procedure

26006559
Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator
Manufacturer Instrument Type Serial No. / Version

Rion Sound Level Meter NL-52 01143532
Rion
Rion
Rion
Rion

TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49
Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests.
Type Approved to IEC 61672-1:2002 YES Approval Number 21.21/13.02
If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003
Date Received ANV Job No. UKAS22/03174
Date Calibrated 10 March 2022
The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2006, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

| Previous Certificate | Dated | Cerlificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 30 March 2021 | UCRT21/1425 | 0653 |

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# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

Certificate Number
UCRT22/1353
UKAS Accredited Calibration Laboratory No. 0653
Page 2 of 2 Pages

Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.


Accessories used or corrected for during calibration - Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15
Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.

| Environmental conditions during tests | Start | End |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature | 22.78 | 23.11 | $\pm$ | $0.30{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Humidity | 40.6 | 40.9 | $\pm$ | 3.00 \%RH |
| Ambient Pressure | 100.63 | 100.62 | $\pm$ | 0.03 kPa |

Response to associated Calibrator at the environmental conditions above.

| Initial indicated level | 94.0 | dB |  | Adjusted indicated level | 94.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The uncertainty of the associated calibrator supplied with the sound level meter $\pm$ | 0.10 | dB |  |  |  |

Self Generated Noise This test is currently not performed by this Lab.

| Microphone instatled (if requested by customer) $=$ Less Than |  |  |  |  |  |  | N/A | dB | Weighting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uncertainty of the microphone installed self generated noise $\pm$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | N/A | dB |  |
| Microphone replaced with electrical input device - |  |  |  |  | UR = Under Range indicated |  |  |  |  |
| Weighting | A |  |  |  | C |  | Z |  |  |
|  | 13.0 | dB | UR | 17.1 | dB | UR | 24.3 | dB | UR |
| Uncertainty of the electrical self generated noise $\pm$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.12 | dB |  |

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of IEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.

END


Date of Issue: 22 April 2022
Calihrated at \& Certificate issued hv:


0653


CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate Number: UCRT22/1560


Customer


Order No.
Description
Identification

Performance Class
Test Procedure

26006559
Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator
Manufacturer instrument Type Serial No./Version
Rion Sound Level Meter NL-52 01143533
Rion
Rion
Rion
Rion
1
TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49
Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests.

Type Approved to IEC 61672-1:2002 YES Approval Number 21.21/13.02
If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003
Date Received
20 April 2022
Date Calibrated
22 April 2022

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC $61672-3: 2006$, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

| Previous Certificate | Dated | Certificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 30 March 2021 | UCRT21/1426 | 0653 |

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Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.


Accessories used or corrected for during calibration -
Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15
Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.


The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of IEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.

END
Calibrated by:
Additional Comments The results on this cerificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.
None

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Date of Issue: 22 April 2022
Calibrated at $\&$ Certificate issued by:


Certificate Number: UCRT22/1563


| Order No. | 26006559 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator |  |  |  |
| Identification | Manufacturer | instrument | Type | Serial No. / Version |
|  | Rion | Sound Level Meter | NL-52 | 01121394 |
|  | Rion | Firmware |  | 2.0 |
|  | Rion | Pre Amplifier | NH-25 | 21438 |
|  | Rion | Microphone | UC-59 | 17214 |
|  | Rion | Calibrator | NC-74 | 34494241 |
|  |  | Calibrator adaptor type if applicable |  | NC-74-002 |


| Performance Class | 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Test Procedure | TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49 |
|  | Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests. |

Type Approved to IEC 61672-1:2002 YES Approval Number 21.21/13.02
If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003

| Date Received | 20 April 2022 | ANV Job No. UKAS22/04281 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Date Calibrated | 22 April 2022 |  |

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2006, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

| Previous Certificate | Dated | Certificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 30 March 2021 | UCRT21/1427 | 0653 |

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION
UKAS Accredited Calibration Laboratory No. 0653
Page 2 of 2 Pages

Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.


Accessories used or corrected for during calibration - Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15
Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.

| Environmental conditions during tests | Start | End |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Temperature | 24.52 | 24.49 | $\pm$ |
|  | Humidity | 45.6 | 43.1 | $\pm .30{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Ambient Pressure | 99.75 | 99.68 | $\pm .00 \% \mathrm{RH}$ |
|  |  | 0.03 kPa |  |  |


| Response to associated Calibrator at the environrnental conditions above. |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Initial indicated level | 94.0 | dB |  |  |  |
| Adjusted indicated level | 94.0 | dB |  |  |  |
| The uncertainty of the associated calibrator supplied with the sound level meter $\pm$ | 0.10 | dB |  |  |  |

Self Generated Noise This test is currently not performed by this Lab.

| Microphone installed (if requested by customer) = Less Than |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dB | A Weighting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Uncertainty of the microphone installed self generated noise $\pm$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dB |  |
| Microphone replaced with electrical input device - |  |  |  |  | UR = Under Range indicated |  |  |  |  |
| Weighting | A |  |  | C |  |  | Z |  |  |
|  | 11.5 | dB | \|UR | 15.5 | 1dB | UR | 19.7 | dB | UR |
| Unicertainty of the electrical self generated noise $\pm$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | dB |  |

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of IEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.
END


Date of Issue: 19 April 2022

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

UKAS CALBRATION

0653

Certificate Number: UCRT22/1531


Order No.
Description
Identification

26010435
Sound Level Meter / Pre-amp / Microphone / Associated Calibrator

| Manufacturer | Instrument |  | Type |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Rion | Sound Level Meter | NL-52 | Serial No. / Version |
| Rion | Firmware |  | 00331829 |
| Rion | Pre Amplifier | NH-25 | 2.0 |
| Rion | Microphone | UC-59 | 21780 |
| Rion | Calibrator | NC-74 | 21136 |
|  | Calibrator adaptor type if applicable | NC-74-002 |  |

TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49
$\begin{array}{lrl}\text { Test Procedure } & \text { TP 2.SLM 61672-3 TPS-49 } \\ & \text { Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 were used to perform the periodic tests. } \\ & \text { Approval Number } 21.21 / 13.02\end{array}$
Type Approved to IEC 61672-1:2002 YES Approval Number $21.21 / 13.02$
If YES above there is public evidence that the SLM has successfully completed the applicable pattern evaluation tests of IEC 61672-2:2003

```
Date Received 13 April 2022 ANV Job No. UKAS22/04272
Date Calibrated 14 April }202
```

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 61672-3:2006, for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organisation responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2003, to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1:2002, the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002.

|  |  | Certificate No. | Laboratory |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Previous Certificate | Dated | Narch 2021 | UCRT21/1418 |
|  | 29 Mabs | 063 |  |
|  |  |  |  |

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CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION
UKAS Accredited Calibration Laboratory No. 0653

| Certificate Number <br> UCRT22/1531 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Page 2 of 2 | Pages |

Sound Level Meter Instruction manual and data used to adjust the sound levels indicated.

| SLM instruction manual title Sound Level Meter | NL-42/ $\mathrm{NL}-52$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| SLM instruction manual ref / issue | $11-03$ |
| SLM incer |  |


| SLM instruction manual source | $11-03$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Inter |  |


| Case corrections available | N/A |
| :--- | :--- |
| Uncertainties of case corrections | Yes |
|  | Yes |


| Source of case data | Manufacture |
| :--- | :--- |
| Wind screen corrections available | Yes |


| Uncertainties of wind screen corrections | Yes |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Yes |


| Source of wind screen data | Manufactu |
| :--- | :---: |
| Mic pressure to free field corrections | Yes |
| Uncertainties of Mic to F.F. corrections | Yes |

Source of Mic to F.F. corrections Yes

| Total expanded uncertainties within the requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002 | Yes |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Specified or equivalent Calibrator | Specified |  |  |
| Customer or Lab Calibrator | Lab Calibrator |  |  |
| Calibrator adaptor type if applicable | NC-74-002 |  |  |
| Calibrator cal. date | 24 March 2022 |  |  |
| Calibrator cert. number | UCRT22/1421 |  |  |
| Calibrator cal cert issued by | 0653 |  |  |
| Calibrator SPL @ STP | 94.03 | dB | Calibration reference sound pressure level |
| Calibrator frequency | 1002.05 | Hz | Calibration check frequency |
| Reference level range | $25-130$ | dB |  |

Accessories used or corrected for during calibration - Extension Cable \& Wind Shield WS-15
Note - if a pre-amp extension cable is listed then it was used between the SLM and the pre-amp.

| Environmental conditions during tests |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Response to associated Calibrator at the environmental conditions above.

| Initial indicated level 94.0 dB |  | Adjusted indicated level | 94.0 | dB |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| The uncertainty of the associated calibrator supplied with the sound level meter $\pm$ | 0.10 | dB |  |  |

Self Generated Noise This test is currently not performed by this Lab.

| Microphone installed (if requested by customer) $=$ Less Than | N/A | dB |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Uncertainty of the microphone installed self generated noise $\pm$ | N/A | dB |

Microphone replaced with electrical input device - UR = Under Range indicated

Uncertainty of the electrical self generated noise $\pm$
The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
For the test of the frequency weightings as per paragraph 12. of IEC 61672-3:2006 the actual microphone free field response was used.
The acoustical frequency tests of a frequency weighting as per paragraph 11 of IEC 61672-3:2006 were carried out using an electrostatic actuator.

END
Additional Comments The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.
Prior to calibration, the instrument's microphone has been replaced and the sound level meter has been realigned.

CERTIFICATE
OF
CALIBRATION

Date of Issue: 21 August 2023


Certificate Number: UCRT23/2091

## CUSTOMER



ORDER No 20167403
Job No UKAS23/08579

DATE OF RECEIPT 17 August 2023
PROCEDURE Procedure TP 1 Calibration of Sound Calibrators

IDENTIFICATION Sound Calibrator 01dB type CAL21 serial number 34134164(2013) with one-inch housing and adapter type BAC21 for half-inch microphone

CALIBRATED ON 21 August 2023
PREVIOUS Calibrated on 13 May 2022, Certificate No. UCRT22/1649 issued by
CALIBRATION this laboratory.

[^1]
## MEASUREMENTS

The sound pressure level generated by the Sound Calibrator in its half-inch configuration was measured using a B\&K type 4134 microphone with the protective grid in position. The microphone sensitivity was traceable to National Standards.

## RESULTS

The mean level of the calibrator output, corrected to the standard atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa using manufacturers' data, was

$$
93.99 \pm 0.10 \mathrm{~dB} \text { rel } 20 \mu \mathrm{~Pa}
$$

The fundamental frequency of the sound output was $1001.95 \pm 0.12 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and its total distortion was $(2.57 \pm 0.17) \%$.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

During the measurements the laboratory environmental conditions were:
Temperature: 23 to $24{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Atmospheric pressure: 101.3 to 101.4 kPa
Relative humidity: 34 to $44 \%$
The tests carried out were based on Annex B of BS EN 60942:2003, but with five determinations of sound pressure level, and limited to the above level(s) \& freq(s). This is a subset of the tests specified in Annex B of BS EN 60942:1998. The mean level, frequency and total distortion of the sound output as measured meet the Class 1 requirements of BS EN 60942:1998 for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. This does not imply that the sound calibrator meets this standard under any other conditions. However it has successfully undergone pattern evaluation to the earlier Standard IEC 942:1988

The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.

CERTIFICATE OF
CALIBRATION

Date of Issue: 21 August 2023


Certificate Number: UCRT23/2092


## CUSTOMER



ORDER No 20167403
Job No UKAS23/08579

DATE OF RECEIPT 17 August 2023
PROCEDURE Procedure TP 1 Calibration of Sound Calibrators

IDENTIFICATION Sound Calibrator 01dB type CAL21 serial number 34924015(2012) with one-inch housing and adapter type BAC21 for half-inch microphone

CALIBRATED ON 21 August 2023

PREVIOUS
CALIBRATION
Calibrated on 07 February 2022, Certificate No. UCRT22/1184 issued by this laboratory.

[^2]
## MEASUREMENTS

The sound pressure level generated by the Sound Calibrator in its half-inch configuration was measured using a B\&K type 4134 microphone with the protective grid in position. The microphone sensitivity was traceable to National Standards.

## RESULTS

The mean level of the calibrator output, corrected to the standard atmospheric pressure of 101.3 kPa using manufacturers' data, was

$$
94.08 \pm 0.10 \mathrm{~dB} \text { rel } 20 \mu \mathrm{~Pa}
$$

The fundamental frequency of the sound output was $1002.21 \pm 0.12 \mathrm{~Hz}$, and its total distortion was $(1.58 \pm 0.11) \%$.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $k=2$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

During the measurements the laboratory environmental conditions were:
Temperature: 24 to $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Atmospheric pressure: 101.3 to 101.4 kPa
Relative humidity: 37 to $48 \%$
The tests carried out were based on Annex B of BS EN 60942:2003, but with five determinations of sound pressure level, and limited to the above level(s) \& freq(s). This is a subset of the tests specified in Annex B of BS EN 60942:1998. The mean level, frequency and total distortion of the sound output as measured meet the Class 1 requirements of BS EN 60942:1998 for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. This does not imply that the sound calibrator meets this standard under any other conditions. However it has successfully undergone pattern evaluation to the earlier Standard IEC 942:1988

The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.


Date of Issue: 21 October 2021
Calibrated at \& Certificate issued bv:

Certificate Number: UCRT21/2301


ORDER No 20134892

DATE OF RECEIPT 18 October 2021

PROCEDURE Calibration Engineer's Handbook, section 25: periodic testing of sound level meters to IEC 61672-3:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006) as modified by UKAS TPS 49 Edition 2:June 2009

IDENTIFICATION Sound level meter 01dB type FUSION serial No 10796 connected via an extension lead type RAL135-10M and preamplifier type PRE 22 serial No 10882 to a half-inch microphone type GRAS 40CE serial No 207588 fitted with a 'DMK01' weatherproof outdoor windshield including nosecone type RA 0208. Associated calibrator 01dB type CAL21 serial No 34254632(2015) with a one-inch housing and adapter type BAC21 for half-inch microphone.
CALIBRATED ON 21 October 2021 CALIBRATION

PREVIOUS Calibrated on 29 August 2019, Certificate No. UCRT19/1943 issued by this laboratory.

[^3]The sound level meter was set up using the type CAL21 sound calibrator supplied; it was set to frequency weighting A, and initially read 94.0 dB . It was then adjusted to read 93.8 dB (corresponding to 93.8 dB at standard atmospheric pressure). This reading was derived from Calibration Certificate no. UCRT21/2295 supplied by this laboratory and manufacturers' information on the free-field response of the sound level meter when fitted with the windshield. The calibration check frequency was 1 kHz .

Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006) as modified by UKAS TPS 49 Edition 2:June 2009 were used to perform the periodic tests.

## RESULTS

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 616723:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006), for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organization responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2 : 2003 (BS EN 61672-2: 2003), to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1: 2002 (BS EN 61672-1: 2003), the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002 (BS EN 61672-1 2003).

The self-generated noise recorded with the microphone replaced by the electrical input device was:

$$
14.5 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A}) \quad 15.2 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{C}) \quad 18.1 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{Z})
$$

The environmental conditions recorded at the start and end of testing were:
Start: 22 to $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 31$ to $41 \% \mathrm{RH}$ and 100.1 to 100.2 kPa
End: 24 to $25{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, 38 to $48 \%$ RH and 100.1 to 100.2 kPa

Technical information including adjustment data specified in the manufacturers' User Manual DOC1131-Feb 2017 J with further clarification from 01 dB has been used to carry out this verification. These data include manufacturerspecified uncertainties for case reflections and windshield, but NOT for the microphone response.

Publicly-available evidence has been found that this configuration of the 01dB FUSION sound level meter design has successfully undergone pattern evaluation in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2002 (BS EN 61672-2:2003) by Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB), an independent testing organisation responsible for pattern approvals.

All measurement data are held at ANV Measurement Systems for a period of at least six years.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $\boldsymbol{k}=\mathbf{2}$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

UKAS ACCREDITED CALIBRATION LABORATORY No 0653

## NOTES

Any opinions or interpretations which may be expressed in the following notes are not UKAS Accredited.

1 The high pass filter was set to 10 Hz , the mic correction to $90^{\circ}$ and the nosecone usage to "Yes".

2 No suitable microphone frequency response information was supplied with the instrument. It was therefore measured by this laboratory using the electrostatic actuator method. This response in isolation is not UKAS accredited.

3 The instrument was running application firmware version 2.34 and metrology firmware version 2.10 on hardware version LIS006E

4 These periodic tests are valid ONLY for the instrument configuration shown on page 1 of this certificate and for $90^{\circ}$ incidence of sound on the microphone.

5 When set up to read correctly in response to the sound calibrator, the sound level meter stored a calibration correction of 0.32 dB and a microphone sensitivity of $37.5 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{Pa}$

6 Typical case reflection factors (for the DMK01 unit) specified by the manufacturer have been used for this verification.

The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.


CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

Certificate Number: UCRT21/2313


CUSTOMER


ORDER No
20134892
Job No UKAS21/10684
DATE OF RECEIPT 18 October 2021

PROCEDURE Calibration Engineer's Handbook section 3: verification of sound level meters to BS 7580:Part 1:1997

IDENTIFICATION Sound level meter 01dB type Blue Solo (Master) serial No 61331 connected via a RAL122-10m extension lead and preamplifier type PRE21S serial No 14575 to a half-inch microphone type MCE212 serial No 92344. Associated calibrator Norsonic type 1251 serial No 31460 with a one-inch housing and adapter type 1443 for half-inch microphone.

CALIBRATED ON 22 October 2021
PREVIOUS Calibrated on 03 May 2019 Certificate No. UCRT19/1544 issued by CALIBRATION this laboratory.

[^4]The sound level meter was set to frequency weighting A and adjusted to read 114.0 dB (corresponding to 114.0 dB at standard atmospheric pressure) in response to the sound calibrator supplied. This reading was derived from the Calibration Certificate No. UCRT21/2292 supplied by this laboratory and manufacturers' information on the free-field response of the sound level meter .

The sound level meter was then tested, and its overall sensitivity adjusted, in accordance with clause 5 of BS 7580:Part 1:1997 **

The acoustic calibration at 1 kHz specified in subclause 5.6 .1 of the standard was performed by application of a standard sound calibrator, whilst the tests at 125 Hz and 8 kHz (subclause 5.6.2) were performed by the electrostatic actuator method.

At the end of the test, the sound calibrator was reapplied to the sound level meter and the meter reading was recorded. The final sensitivity setting in calibration mode was -0.3 dB .

## RESULTS

The sound level meter was found to conform to BS 7580:Part 1:1997 ** for a type 1 meter.
The self-generated noise recorded in the test specified in subclause 5.5 .2 was:
$9.2 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$
8.0 dB (B)
$9.5 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{C})$
13.8 dB (Lin)

The sound level meter reading obtained at the end of the test in response to the sound calibrator was 114.0 dB (corresponding to 114.0 dB at standard atmospheric pressure). This reading, corrected for ambient pressure, should be used henceforth to set up the sound level meter for field use.
The expanded level uncertainty of the Laboratory's 1 kHz sound calibrator used during this verification is $\pm 0.10 \mathrm{~dB}$; that of the calibrator supplied with the sound level meter is $\pm 0.10 \mathrm{~dB}$.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $\boldsymbol{k}=\mathbf{2}$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
All measurement data are held at ANV Measurement Systems for a period of at least six years.
The case reflection factors have been taken as zero, since an extension lead has been used for this verification.
The linearity range and primary indicator range have been obtained from the manufacturer, and are stated to cover the entire measurement range of the instrument, $20-137 \mathrm{~dB}$, as given in the handbook (dated 18 June 2003). The maximum level for signals of crest factor 3 has been interpreted from the handbook as $130 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$.

The 01dB Solo sound level meter design has successfully undergone pattern evaluation at Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB). It was found to meet the requirements of BS EN 60651* and BS EN 60804* and was granted pattern approval as a Type 1 sound level meter.

No component of uncertainty for manufacturer-specified corrections has been included in the uncertainty budget and, in accordance with Amendment No 1 to BS 7580:Part 1:1997 ** the measured values obtained during the verification have not been extended by any measurement uncertainty when assessing conformance to the standard.

Conformance as indicated above to BS 7580:Part 1:1997 indicates that the instrument conforms with the relevant accuracy requirements of the testing standard and the expanded measurement uncertainties ( $k=2$ for approximately $95 \%$ coverage probability) are no greater in magnitude than the accuracy requirements defined in BS 7580:Part 1:1997.

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

UKAS ACCREDITED CALIBRATION LABORATORY No 0653
Page 3 of 3 Pages

## NOTES

*1 BS EN 60651:1994 and BS EN 60804:1994 were formerly numbered BS 5969:1981 and BS 6698:1986 respectively.
**2 BS 7580:Part 1:1997 was formerly numbered BS 7580:1992.
3 No suitable microphone frequency response information was supplied with the instrument. It was therefore measured by this laboratory using the electrostatic actuator method. This response in isolation is not UKAS accredited.

4 The instrument firmware version was 1.401 272601107

5 The verification was carried out in $L_{p} / L_{e q}$ SLM mode only, and may not be valid for any other mode.

6 The frequency weighting designated Z in the meter has been taken as equivalent to Lin weighting of BS EN 60651:1994.

7 The foam windshield supplied with the instrument was not used or taken into account during the verification.

8 Any opinions or interpretations which may be expressed in these notes are not UKAS Accredited.


Date of Issue: 17 May 2023
Calibrated_at \& Certificateissued bv:

Certificate Number: UCRT23/1674


CUSTOMER


ORDER No 20161234
Job No UKAS23/05334

DATE OF RECEIPT 11 May 2023
PROCEDURE Calibration Engineer's Handbook, section 25: periodic testing of sound level meters to IEC 61672-3:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006) as modified by UKAS TPS 49

IDENTIFICATION Sound level meter 01dB type DUO serial No 10594 connected via an extension lead type RAL135-10M and preamplifier type PRE 22 serial No 1507076 to a half-inch microphone type GRAS 40CD serial No 224313 fitted with a 'DMK01' weatherproof outdoor windshield including nosecone type RA 0208. Associated calibrator 01dB type CAL21 serial No 34924020(2012) with a one-inch housing and adapter type BAC21 for half-inch microphone.
CALIBRATED ON 17 May 2023
PREVIOUS Calibrated on 13 April 2021, Certificate No. UCRT21/1488 issued by CALIBRATION

[^5]The sound level meter was set up using the type CAL21 sound calibrator supplied; it was set to frequency weighting A, and initially read 94.1 dB . It was then adjusted to read 93.9 dB (corresponding to 93.9 dB at standard atmospheric pressure). This reading was derived from Calibration Certificate no. UCRT23/1654 supplied by this laboratory and manufacturers' information on the free-field response of the sound level meter when fitted with the windshield. The calibration check frequency was 1 kHz .

Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006) as modified by UKAS TPS 49 were used to perform the periodic tests.

## RESULTS

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 616723:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006), for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organization responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2 : 2003 (BS EN 61672-2: 2003), to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1: 2002 (BS EN 61672-1: 2003), the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002 (BS EN 61672-1 2003).

The self-generated noise recorded with the microphone replaced by the electrical input device was:

$$
11.8 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A}) \quad 13.4 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{C}) \quad 18.2 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{Z})
$$

The environmental conditions recorded at the start and end of testing were:
Start: 22 to $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 49$ to $59 \% \mathrm{RH}$ and 101.7 to 101.8 kPa
End: 22 to $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 48$ to $58 \%$ RH and 101.7 to 101.8 kPa
Technical information including adjustment data specified in the manufacturers' User Manual DOC1112-May 2015 H with further clarification from 01 dB has been used to carry out this verification. These data include manufacturerspecified uncertainties for case reflections and windshield, but NOT for the microphone response.

Publicly-available evidence has been found that this configuration of the 01 dB DUO sound level meter design has successfully undergone pattern evaluation in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2002 (BS EN 61672-2:2003) by Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB), an independent testing organisation responsible for pattern approvals.

All measurement data are held at ANV Measurement Systems for a period of at least six years.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $\boldsymbol{k}=\mathbf{2}$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

UKAS ACCREDITED CALIBRATION LABORATORY No 0653

## NOTES

Any opinions or interpretations which may be expressed in the following notes are not UKAS Accredited.

1 The high pass filter was set to 10 Hz , the mic correction to $90^{\circ}$ and the nosecone usage to "Yes".

2 No suitable microphone frequency response information was supplied with the instrument. It was therefore measured by this laboratory using the electrostatic actuator method. This response in isolation is not UKAS accredited.

3 The instrument was running application firmware version 2.49 and metrology firmware version 2.12 on hardware version LIS1005G

4 These periodic tests are valid ONLY for the instrument configuration shown on page 1 of this certificate and for $90^{\circ}$ incidence of sound on the microphone.

5 When set up to read correctly in response to the sound calibrator, the sound level meter stored a calibration correction of 0.4 dB and a microphone sensitivity of $49.54 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{Pa}$

6 Typical case reflection factors (for the DMK01 unit) specified by the manufacturer have been used for this verification.

The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.


Date of Issue: 18 May 2023
Calibrated at \& Certificate issued bv:


CUSTOMER
Certificate Number: UCRT23/1677


ORDER No 20161234 Job No UKAS23/05333

DATE OF RECEIPT 11 May 2023
PROCEDURE Calibration Engineer's Handbook, section 25: periodic testing of sound level meters to IEC 61672-3:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006) as modified by UKAS TPS 49

IDENTIFICATION Sound level meter 01dB type DUO serial No 10616 connected via an extension lead type RAL135-10M and preamplifier type PRE 22 serial No 10180 to a half-inch microphone type GRAS 40CD serial No 154423 fitted with a 'DMK01' weatherproof outdoor windshield including nosecone type RA 0208. Associated calibrator 01dB type CAL21 serial No 34924053(2012) with a one-inch housing and adapter type BAC21 for half-inch microphone.
CALIBRATED ON 18 May 2023
PREVIOUS Calibrated on 01 June 2021, Certificate No. UCRT21/1686 issued by CALIBRATION

[^6]The sound level meter was set up using the type CAL21 sound calibrator supplied; it was set to frequency weighting A, and initially read 94.0 dB . It was then adjusted to read 93.9 dB (corresponding to 93.9 dB at standard atmospheric pressure). This reading was derived from Calibration Certificate no. UCRT23/1652 supplied by this laboratory and manufacturers' information on the free-field response of the sound level meter when fitted with the windshield. The calibration check frequency was 1 kHz .

Procedures from IEC 61672-3:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006) as modified by UKAS TPS 49 were used to perform the periodic tests.

## RESULTS

The sound level meter submitted for testing has successfully completed the class 1 periodic tests of IEC 616723:2006 (BS EN 61672-3:2006), for the environmental conditions under which the tests were performed. As public evidence was available, from an independent testing organization responsible for approving the results of pattern evaluation tests performed in accordance with IEC 61672-2 : 2003 (BS EN 61672-2: 2003), to demonstrate that the model of sound level meter fully conformed to the requirements in IEC 61672-1: 2002 (BS EN 61672-1: 2003), the sound level meter submitted for testing conforms to the class 1 requirements of IEC 61672-1:2002 (BS EN 61672-1 2003).

The self-generated noise recorded with the microphone replaced by the electrical input device was:

$$
12.1 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A}) \quad 14.3 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{C}) \quad 18.9 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{Z})
$$

The environmental conditions recorded at the start and end of testing were:
Start: 21 to $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 47$ to $57 \% \mathrm{RH}$ and 101.8 to 101.9 kPa
End: 22 to $23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 45$ to $55 \%$ RH and 101.7 to 101.8 kPa
Technical information including adjustment data specified in the manufacturers' User Manual DOC1112-May 2015 H with further clarification from 01 dB has been used to carry out this verification. These data include manufacturerspecified uncertainties for case reflections and windshield, but NOT for the microphone response.

Publicly-available evidence has been found that this configuration of the 01 dB DUO sound level meter design has successfully undergone pattern evaluation in accordance with IEC 61672-2:2002 (BS EN 61672-2:2003) by Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB), an independent testing organisation responsible for pattern approvals.

All measurement data are held at ANV Measurement Systems for a period of at least six years.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $\boldsymbol{k}=\mathbf{2}$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

UKAS ACCREDITED CALIBRATION LABORATORY No 0653

## NOTES

Any opinions or interpretations which may be expressed in the following notes are not UKAS Accredited.

1 The high pass filter was set to 10 Hz , the mic correction to $90^{\circ}$ and the nosecone usage to "Yes".

2 No suitable microphone frequency response information was supplied with the instrument. It was therefore measured by this laboratory using the electrostatic actuator method. This response in isolation is not UKAS accredited.

3 The instrument was running application firmware version 2.34 and metrology firmware version 2.10 on hardware version 3F2D3D

4 These periodic tests are valid ONLY for the instrument configuration shown on page 1 of this certificate and for $90^{\circ}$ incidence of sound on the microphone.

5 When set up to read correctly in response to the sound calibrator, the sound level meter stored a calibration correction of 0.17 dB and a microphone sensitivity of $49 \mathrm{mV} / \mathrm{Pa}$

6 Typical case reflection factors (for the DMK01 unit) specified by the manufacturer have been used for this verification.

The results on this certificate only relate to the items calibrated as identified above.

CERTIFICATE
OF
CALIBRATION

Date of Issue: 23 September 2022
Calibrated at \& Certificate issued bv:

Certificate Number: UCRT22/2136


CUSTOMER


ORDER No
20151187
Job No UKAS22/09596
DATE OF RECEIPT 22 September 2022
PROCEDURE Calibration Engineer's Handbook section 3: verification of sound level meters to BS 7580:Part 1:1997

IDENTIFICATION Sound level meter 01dB type Black Solo (Master) serial No 65806 connected via a RAL122-10M extension lead and preamplifier type PRE21S serial No 16461 to a half-inch microphone type MCE212 serial No 166412. Associated calibrator 01dB type CAL21 serial No 34323904(2012) with a one-inch housing and adapter type BAC21 for half-inch microphone.

CALIBRATED ON 23 September 2022
PREVIOUS Calibrated on 20 December 2021 Certificate No. UCRT21/2541
CALIBRATION issued by this laboratory.

[^7]The sound level meter was set to frequency weighting $A$ and adjusted to read 93.8 dB (corresponding to 93.8 dB at standard atmospheric pressure) in response to the sound calibrator supplied. This reading was derived from the Calibration Certificate No. UCRT22/2131 supplied by this laboratory and manufacturers' information on the free-field response of the sound level meter .

The sound level meter was then tested, and its overall sensitivity adjusted, in accordance with clause 5 of BS 7580:Part 1:1997 **

The acoustic calibration at 1 kHz specified in subclause 5.6 .1 of the standard was performed by application of a standard sound calibrator, whilst the tests at 125 Hz and 8 kHz (subclause 5.6.2) were performed by the electrostatic actuator method.

At the end of the test, the sound calibrator was reapplied to the sound level meter and the meter reading was recorded. The final sensitivity setting in calibration mode was 0.4 dB .

## RESULTS

The sound level meter was found to conform to BS 7580:Part 1:1997 ** for a type 1 meter.
The self-generated noise recorded in the test specified in subclause 5.5 .2 was:
$9.7 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$
$8.5 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~B})$
$9.8 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{C})$
$14.5 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{Lin})$

The sound level meter reading obtained at the end of the test in response to the sound calibrator was 93.8 dB (corresponding to 93.8 dB at standard atmospheric pressure). This reading, corrected for ambient pressure, should be used henceforth to set up the sound level meter for field use.
The expanded level uncertainty of the Laboratory's 1 kHz sound calibrator used during this verification is $\pm 0.10 \mathrm{~dB}$; that of the calibrator supplied with the sound level meter is $\pm 0.10 \mathrm{~dB}$.

The reported expanded uncertainty is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor $\boldsymbol{k}=\mathbf{2}$, providing a coverage probability of approximately $95 \%$. The uncertainty evaluation has been carried out in accordance with UKAS requirements.
All measurement data are held at ANV Measurement Systems for a period of at least six years.
The case reflection factors have been taken as zero, since an extension lead has been used for this verification.
The linearity range and primary indicator range have been obtained from the manufacturer, and are stated to cover the entire measurement range of the instrument, $20-137 \mathrm{~dB}$, as given in the handbook (dated 18 June 2003). The maximum level for signals of crest factor 3 has been interpreted from the handbook as $130 \mathrm{~dB}(\mathrm{~A})$.

The 01dB Solo sound level meter design has successfully undergone pattern evaluation at Physikalisch-Technische Bundesanstalt (PTB). It was found to meet the requirements of BS EN 60651* and BS EN 60804* and was granted pattern approval as a Type 1 sound level meter.

No component of uncertainty for manufacturer-specified corrections has been included in the uncertainty budget and, in accordance with Amendment No 1 to BS 7580:Part 1:1997 ** the measured values obtained during the verification have not been extended by any measurement uncertainty when assessing conformance to the standard.

Conformance as indicated above to BS 7580:Part 1:1997 indicates that the instrument conforms with the relevant accuracy requirements of the testing standard and the expanded measurement uncertainties ( $k=2$ for approximately $95 \%$ coverage probability) are no greater in magnitude than the accuracy requirements defined in BS 7580:Part 1:1997.

# CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION 

UKAS ACCREDITED CALIBRATION LABORATORY No 0653
Page 3 of 3 Pages

## NOTES

*1 BS EN 60651:1994 and BS EN 60804:1994 were formerly numbered BS 5969:1981 and BS 6698:1986 respectively.
**2 BS 7580:Part 1:1997 was formerly numbered BS 7580:1992.
3 No suitable microphone frequency response information was supplied with the instrument. It was therefore measured by this laboratory using the electrostatic actuator method. This response in isolation is not UKAS accredited.

4 The instrument firmware version was 1.405 272A 01107

5 The verification was carried out in $L_{p} / L_{e q}$ SLM mode only, and may not be valid for any other mode.

6 The frequency weighting designated Z in the meter has been taken as equivalent to Lin weighting of BS EN 60651:1994.

7 Any opinions or interpretations which may be expressed in these notes are not UKAS Accredited.

## Annex B <br> Baseline Monitoring Results

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HDD-01-NML1

Monitoring Position:
X: 500883
Y: 101633
What3Words:
Descended.spoon.tour
Location:
Climping
Duration:
27/03/2023 15:00 -
28/03/2023 13:15

## Description of monitoring location

The Sound Level Meter (SLM) was deployed along the eastern boundary of a hedge bounding garden. The SLM was located approximately 2.5 m above ground in a freefield position, approximately 30 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade.

## General observations

The noise environment noted during SLM deployment and collection was generally quiet, and typical of a rural location. Noise from distant road traffic movements, along with birdsong, sound of the waves from the sea to the south and noise from tractors in the nearby fields contributed to the overall noise environment.

Monitoring Position


| Assessment Period |  | LAeq, ${ }^{\text {T }}$ (dB) | $L_{\text {A90, }}$ (dB) [mean average] | Total no. of 15-minute periods | Total no. of 15-minute periods affected by weather | Affected by weather \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 0700-1900 \end{aligned}$ | 49 | 42 | 88 | 2 | 2 |
| Construction evenings | Monday - Sunday $1900-2300$ | 41 | 37 |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 2300-0700 \end{aligned}$ | 49 | 44 |  |  |  |


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HDD-02-NML2


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 53 | 46 | 88 |  | 2 |



## HDD-07-NML5

## Monitoring Description of monitoring <br> Position: <br> location

X: 502465
Y: 104611
What3Words share.tuck.living

## Location:

Lyminster
The SLM was deployed along the northern boundary of an agricultural field directly to the west of Lyminster road, and to the north of Brookside Caravan Park. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position.

## Duration:

16/11/2023 15:00
-17/11/2023
10:45

## General observations

The noise environment noted during SLM deployment and collection was dominated by the traffic activity along A 284, and occasional aircrafts. Animal noise from the local dog activity in the area to the north, along with birdsong also contributed to the overall noise environment.


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 50 | 44 | 80 |  | 3 |



HDD-18-NML14


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T (dB) [mean <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 68 | 52 | 80 |  | 9 |



HDD-22-NML18


| Assessment Period |  | $\mathrm{L}_{\text {Aeq, }}(\mathrm{dB})$ | La90,T (dB) [mean average]$40$ |  | Total no. of 15-minute periods | Total no. of 15-minute periods affected by weather <br> 1 | Affected <br> by <br> weather <br> \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Constructio n daytime | Monday Sunday $0700-1900$ |  |  | 76 |  |  |  |
| Constructio n evenings | Monday Sunday $1900-2300$ | 37 | 32 |  |  |  |  |
| Constructio n night-time | Monday Sunday $2300-0700$ | 37 | 26 |  |  |  |  |



HDD-23-NML19


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T (dB) [mean <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 56 | 40 | 92 |  | 4 |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 50 | 35 |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 47 | 34 |  |  |  |

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HDD-24-NML20


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, (dB) [mean <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 53 | 44 | 86 |  | 3 |

## HDD-25-NML21

| Monitoring Position: | Description of monitoring location | Monitoring Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| X: 518726 | The SLM was deployed in the northwest corner of the |  |
| Y: 117193 | field. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. |  |
| What3Words: deflection.ticked.blotches | General observations |  |
| Location: <br> Horsham | The noise environment noted during SLM deployment and collection was generally quiet, and typical of a rural location. Noise from distant road traffic |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Duration: } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 13:30 - } \\ & \text { 29/03/2023 11:00 } \end{aligned}$ | movements on the B2135, occasional aircraft noise and birdsong present. |  |


| Assessment Period |  | $L_{\text {Aeq, }, T}$ (dB) | La90, ${ }^{\text {(dB) }}$ [mean average] | Total no. of 15-minute periods | Total no. of 15-minute periods affected by weather | Affected by weather \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | Monday - Sunday $0700-1900$ | 50 | 42 | 86 | 2 | 2 |
| Construction evenings | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 1900-2300 \end{aligned}$ | 46 | 30 |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 2300-0700 \end{aligned}$ | 42 | 24 |  |  |  |

## HDD-26-NML22



| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, (dB) <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 57 | 46 | 89 |  | 2 |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 52 | 31 |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 52 | 27 |  |  |  |



HDD-27-NML23

| Monitoring Position: | Description of monitoring location <br> X: 521495 |
| :--- | :--- |
| The SLM was deployed in the field to the north |  |
| Y: 120240 | of the nearby property. The SLM was located |
| What3Words: | approximately 2.5m above ground in a free-field <br> position, about 1.5m away from the closest |
| refreshed.triads.flask | acoustically reflective façade. |
| Location: | General observations |
| Horsham | The noise environment noted during SLM |
|  | deployment and collection was generally quiet, |
| Duration: | and typical of a rural location. Noise from <br> distant road traffic movements on the A281, |
| 28/03/2023 17:00 - |  |

Monitoring Position


| Assessment Period |  | $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ T <br> (dB) | La90, (dB) [mean average] | Total no. of 15-minute periods | Total no. of 15-minute periods affected by weather | Affected by weather \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 0700-1900 \end{aligned}$ | 47 | 36 | 68 | 2 | 3 |
| Construction evenings | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 1900-2300 \end{aligned}$ | 38 | 26 |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 2300-0700 \end{aligned}$ | 40 | 21 |  |  |  |

HDD-31-NML25


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 51 | 47 | 93 |  | 2 |

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## HDD-34-NML28

| Monitoring Position: | D |
| :---: | :---: |
| X: 506229 | The SLM was deployed on a fencepost to the north |
| Y: 105876 | east of the closest property. The SLM was located approximately 2.5 m above ground in a free-field |
| What3Words: maker.incorrect.renting | position, approximately 6 m from the closest acoustically reflective façade. |
| Location: <br> Arun | General observations <br> The noise environment noted during SLM |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Duration: } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 12:30- } \\ & \text { 28/03/2023 10:00 } \end{aligned}$ | deployment and collection was generally dominated by road traffic movements from the A27. Noise from a slight breeze through the trees and birdsong present. Potential dawn chorus, geese live in nearby pond to the south west. Roads were wet for the duration of the measurement. |

## Monitoring Position



| Assessment Period |  | $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ T <br> (dB) | La90, (dB) [mean average] | Total no. of 15-minute periods | Total no. of 15-minute periods affected by weather | Affected by weather \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | Monday - Sunday $0700-1900$ | 65 | 62 | 86 | 3 | 3 |
| Construction evenings | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 1900-2300 \end{aligned}$ | 59 | 53 |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 2300-0700 \end{aligned}$ | 54 | 38 |  |  |  |



## HDD-35-NML29



| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 63 | 59 | 88 |  | 1 |


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HDD-32-NML26


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 65 | 58 | 87 | 3 | 3 |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 62 | 49 |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 59 | 38 |  |  |  |

## HDD-38-NML30

## Monitoring Position:

X: 509555
Y: 108602

## What3Words:

fluctuate.prelude.talker

## Location:

Arun
Duration:
04/05/2023 13:30 -
05/05/2023 12:15
This monitoring position was originally used to represent receptors HDD12-E, HDD12-SE, but has been superseded by position TC-12-NML41 for daytime.

## Description of monitoring location

The SLM was deployed on a. The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position.

## General observations

The noise environment noted during SLM deployment and collection was generally quiet, and typical of a rural location. Noise from bird song, distant road traffic breeze through foliage and occasional aircraft.

## Monitoring Position



| Assessment Period |  | LAeq, ${ }^{T}$ (dB) | La90,T (dB) [mean average] | Total no. of 15 minute periods | Total no. of 15 minute periods affected by weather | Affected by weather \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 0700-1900 \end{aligned}$ | 46* | 40* | 91 | 3 | 3 |
| Construction evenings | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 1900-2300 \end{aligned}$ | 43 | 35 |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | Monday - Sunday $2300-0700$ | 45 | 31 |  |  |  |
| *Daytime superseded by TC-12-NML41 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## TC12-NML41



| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Tmean | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 57 | 35 | 11 | 0 | 0 |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | - | - |  |  |  |



CC-1-NML31


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Tmean | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 57 | 50 | 80 |  | 3 |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 52 | 44 |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 51 | 40 |  |  |  |



CC-3-NML32


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90,T $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 51 | 49 | 80 | 10 | 13 |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 47 | 45 |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 43 | 41 |  |  |  |



CC-5-NML34


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, (dB) [mean <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 62 | 55 | 80 | 8 | 10 |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 56 | 45 |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 53 | 33 |  |  |  |



CA- 2- NML36


| Assessment Period |  | $L_{\text {Aeq, }}$ (dB) | LA90,T (dB) [mean average] | Total no. of 15-minute periods | Total no. of 15-minute periods affected by weather | Affected by weather \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | Monday - Sunday $0700-1900$ | 51 | 38 | - | - | - |
| Construction evenings | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 1900-2300 \end{aligned}$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Monday - Sunday } \\ & 2300-0700 \end{aligned}$ | - | - |  |  |  |

)

CA- 4- NML38
Monitoring Position:
X: 510480
Y: 113071
What 3 Words:
roadblock.massaged.locker
Location:
Sullington

Duration:
04/05/2023 18:00 -
04/05/2023 19:00

## Description of monitoring location

The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position.

## General observations

The noise environment noted during the attended survey was generally quiet, and typical of a rural location. Noise from distant road traffic, occasional traffic using Barns Farm Lane, bird song, breeze through foliage and occasional aircraft.

## Monitoring Position



| Assessment Period |  | LAeq,T (dB) | Lago, (dB) [mean average] | Total no. of 15-minute periods | Total no. of 15-minute periods affected by weather | Affected by weather \% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | Monday - Sunday $0700-1900$ | 46 | 39 | - | - | - |
| Construction evenings | Monday - Sunday $1900-2300$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | Monday - Sunday $2300-0700$ | - | - |  |  |  |

CA-5- NML39
Monitoring Position:
X: 518086
Y: 116221

What3Words:
blizzard.switched.blackouts
Location:
Ashurst
Duration:
04/05/2023 16:02 -
04/05/2023 17:02

## Description of monitoring location

The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position.

## General observations

The noise environment noted during the attended survey was generally dominated by noise from road traffic on the B2135, occasional traffic going to Eaton Farm, bird song and occasional aircraft.

## Monitoring Position



| Assessment Period |  | $L_{\text {Aeq, }}(\mathrm{dB})$ | $L_{\text {A90, }}$ (dB) |  |  | Affected by weather |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction daytime | Monday Sunday $0700-1900$ | 57 | 38 | - | - | - |
| Construction evenings | Monday Sunday $1900-2300$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| Construction night-time | Monday Sunday $2300-0700$ | - | - |  |  |  |

CA-6- NML40


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] |  | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 59 | 47 | - |  | - |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | - |  |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | - | - |  |  |  |

## CA- 7- NML41



| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] |  | Total no. of <br> 15-minut <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 70 | 53 | - |  |  |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | - | - |  |  |  |

CA- 8- NML42

Monitoring Position:
X: 519264
Y: 117856
What3Words:
necklace.spud.drifting
Location:
West Grinstead
Duration:
27/03/2023 16:41 -
27/03/2023 17:47

## Description of monitoring location

The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position.

## General observations

The noise environment noted during the attended survey was generally dominated by road traffic noise from the B2135. Noise from bird song and occasional aircraft.

Monitoring Position


| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> average] |  | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Construction <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 47 | 41 | - |  |  |
| Construction <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | - | - |  |  |  |
| Construction <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | - | - |  |  |  |

OP-NML1


| Assessment Period | LAeq, $\mathbf{T}$ <br> (dB) | LA90, $(\mathrm{dB})$ <br> [mean average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Operational <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 61 | 55 | 679 |  | 6 |




## OP-NML2



| Assessment Period | LAeq, <br> (dB) | LA90, (dB) <br> [mean <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by <br> weather \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- | :--- |
| Operational <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 48 | 38 | 679 | 6 | 1 |





## OP-NML3



| Assessment Period | LAeq, $\mathbf{T}(\mathrm{dB})$ | LA90,T (dB) <br> [mean <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15- <br> minute periods <br> affected by weather | Affected by weather <br> \% |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operational <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 47 | 40 | 677 | 4 | $<1$ |
| Operational <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 40 | 36 |  |  |  |
| Operational <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 46 | 32 |  |  |  |





## OP-NML4

| Monitoring Position: $\begin{aligned} & \text { X: } 522798 \\ & \text { Y: } 122562 \end{aligned}$ | Description of monitoring location The SLM was located approximately 1.5 m above ground in a free-field position. | Monitoring Position |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| What3Words: <br> petty.repeating.food <br> Location: <br> Oakendene Manor, <br> Bolney Road, RH13 8AZ <br> Duration: <br> 6/02/2023 13:45 - <br> 13/02/2023 07:28 | General observations <br> The noise environment noted during the attended survey was generally dominated by distant road traffic noise from the A272. With occasional noise from the industrial estate approx. 200 m west, bird song and occasional aircraft. | 2f \% |


| Assessment Period | LAeq, $\mathbf{T}(\mathrm{dB})$ | LA90, (dB) <br> [mean <br> average] | Total no. of <br> 15-minute <br> periods | Total no. of 15-minute <br> periods affected by <br> weather | Affected by weather <br> $\%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operational <br> daytime | Monday - Sunday <br> $0700-1900$ | 51 | 47 | 647 | 3 | $<1$ |
| Operational <br> evenings | Monday - Sunday <br> $1900-2300$ | 49 | 41 |  |  |  |
| Operational <br> night-time | Monday - Sunday <br> $2300-0700$ | 47 | 32 |  |  |  |





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